



## **FEI DRIVING RULES**

### **and Para-Equestrian Driving Rules**

11th Edition, effective 1 January 2014, [updates effective 1 January 2015](#)

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## **FEI DRIVING RULES**

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## PREAMBLE

This edition of the FEI Driving Rules comes into force on 1st January 2014. As from the aforementioned date, all other texts covering the same matter (other editions and all other official documents) issued previously are superseded.

Although this booklet sets out the detailed Rules of the FEI governing International Driving Events, it must be read in conjunction with the Statutes, the General Regulations, the Veterinary Regulations as well as all other FEI Rules and Regulations.

Every eventuality cannot be provided for in these Rules. As a result, this edition of the Rules is designed for flexibility to adapt to a developing discipline by referring in appropriate circumstances to Annex/Notes for Guidance information for suggestions and recommendations on how to safely manage this discipline and its events. Additionally, in any unforeseen or exceptional circumstances, it is the duty of the Ground Jury to make a decision in a sporting spirit and approaching as nearly as possible to the intention of these Rules and of the General Regulations of the FEI.

Throughout this publication, the word "Horse" shall mean Horse and/or Pony; the masculine shall also include the feminine and the singular the plural unless otherwise stated in a specific Rule. Terms with a capitalised first letter are defined in the Driving Rules, in the GRs or in the Statutes.

## THE FEI CODE OF CONDUCT FOR THE WELFARE OF THE HORSE

The FEI requires all those involved in international equestrian sport to adhere to the FEI Code of Conduct and to acknowledge and accept that at all times the welfare of the Horse must be paramount. Welfare of the ~~horse~~Horse must never be subordinated to competitive or commercial influences. The following points must be particularly adhered to:

### 1. General Welfare:

#### a) Good Horse management

Stabling and feeding must be compatible with the best Horse management practices. Clean and good quality forage, feed and water must always be available.

#### b) Training methods

Horses must only undergo training that matches their physical capabilities and level of maturity for their respective disciplines. They must not be subjected to methods which are abusive or cause fear.

#### c) Farriery and tack

Foot care and shoeing must be of a high standard. Tack must be designed and fitted to avoid the risk of pain or injury.

#### d) Transport

During transportation, Horses must be fully protected against injuries and other health risks. Vehicles must be safe, well ventilated, maintained to a high standard, disinfected regularly and driven by competent personnel. Competent handlers must always be available to manage the Horses.

#### e) Transit

All journeys must be planned carefully, and Horses allowed regular rest periods with access to food and water in line with current FEI guidelines.

### 2. Fitness to compete:

#### a) Fitness and competence

Participation in Competition must be restricted to fit Horses and Athletes of proven competence. Horses must be allowed suitable rest period between training and ~~competitions~~Competitions; additional rest periods should be allowed following travelling.

#### b) Health status

No Horse deemed unfit to compete may compete or continue to compete, veterinary advice must be sought whenever there is any doubt.

#### c) Doping and Medication

Any action or intent of doping and illicit use of medication constitute a serious welfare issue and will not be tolerated. After any veterinary treatment, sufficient time must be allowed for full recovery before Competition.

d) Surgical procedures

Any surgical procedures that threaten a competing Horse's welfare or the safety of other Horses and/or Athletes must not be allowed.

e) Pregnant/recently foaled mares

Mares must not compete after their fourth month of pregnancy or with foal at foot.

f) Misuse of aids

Abuse of a Horse using natural riding aids or artificial aids (e.g. whips, spurs, etc.) will not be tolerated.

**3. Events must not prejudice Horse welfare:**

a) Competition areas

Horses must be trained and compete on suitable and safe surfaces. All obstacles and ~~competition~~Competition conditions must be designed with the safety of the Horse in mind.

b) Ground surfaces

All ground surfaces on which Horses walk, train or compete must be designed and maintained to reduce factors that could lead to injury.

c) Extreme weather

Competitions must not take place in extreme weather conditions that may compromise welfare or safety of the Horse. Provision must be made for cooling conditions and equipment for Horses after competing.

d) Stabling at Events

Stables must be safe, hygienic, comfortable, well ventilated and of sufficient size for the type and disposition of the Horse. Washing-down areas and water must always be available.

**4. Humane treatment of ~~horses~~Horses:**

a) Veterinary treatment

Veterinary expertise must always be available at an Event. If a Horse is injured or exhausted during a Competition, the Athlete must stop competing and a veterinary evaluation must be performed.

b) Referral centres

Wherever necessary, Horses should be collected by ambulance and transported to the nearest relevant treatment centre for further assessment and therapy. Injured Horses must be given full supportive treatment before being transported.

c) Competition injuries

The incidence of injuries sustained in Competition should be monitored. Ground surface conditions, frequency of Competitions and any other risk factors should be examined carefully to indicate ways to minimise injuries.

d) Euthanasia

If injuries are sufficiently severe a Horse may need to be euthanized on humane grounds by a veterinarian as soon as possible, with the sole aim of minimising suffering.

e) Retirement

Horses must be treated sympathetically and humanely when they retire from Competition.

**5. Education:**

The FEI urges all those involved in equestrian sport to attain the highest possible levels of education in areas of expertise relevant to the care and management of the Competition Horse.

This Code of Conduct for the Welfare of the Horse may be modified from time to time and the views of all are welcomed. Particular attention will be paid to new research findings and the FEI encourages further funding and support for welfare studies.



## **CHAPTER I GENERAL**

### **Article 900 International Rules**

1. These Rules are intended to standardise International Driving Events as far as is possible, so that the conditions at such Events are fair and similar for all Athletes.
2. A Driving Event commences one hour before the First Horse Inspection and concludes one half hour after the announcement of the Final Results.

## CHAPTER II STRUCTURE OF COMPETITIONS

### Article 901 Categories and Levels

#### 1. Classes:

All, or any, of the following classes may be held at the same Event, but each must be classified separately:

- Horse: Single (H1), Pair (H2) and Four-in-Hand (H4)
- Pony: Single (P1), Pair (P2) and Four-in-Hand (P4)

#### 2. Categories:

- Senior CAI1\*, CAI2\*, CAI3\*, CAIO4\*
- Young Drivers CAIY1\*, CAIY2\*
- Juniors CAIJ1\*, CAIJ2\*
- Children: CAIch1\*, CAIch2\*
- Para-Equestrian Driving: CPEAI1\*, CPEAI2\*

#### 3. Levels of difficulty:

The levels of difficulty are defined by a progressive star rating system ranging from the lowest level (1\*) to the highest level (4\*). Senior Athletes must successfully complete FEI Competitions to progress through the Star system, as outlined in Article 913.2.

#### 4. CAI1\*: Can be run over 1 or 2 days

1. The following Competitions formats can be organized:

Format 1	or	Format 2	or	Format 3	or	<a href="#">Format 4<sup>1</sup></a>
Day 1: Dressage		Day 1: Dressage or Cones		Day 1: Dressage & Cones		Day 1: Combined Marathon
Day 2: Cones		Day 2: Combined Marathon or Cones				

<sup>1</sup> can be held indoor

2. Prize-money: optional

3. Open to 1\*, 2\* and 3\* Athletes. 3\* Athletes may only compete Horses/Ponies with no placings in the previous two years.

5. **CAI2\*:** Can be run over 2 or 3 days

1. The following Competitions formats can be organized:

Format 1	or	Format 2	or	Format 3
Day 1: Dressage		Day 1: Dressage		Day 1: Dressage & Cones
Day 2: Marathon		Day 2: Cones		Day 2: Marathon
Day 3: Cones		Day 3: Marathon		

2. Prize-money: optional

2.3. Open to 2\* and 3\* Athletes

6. **CAI3\* and CAIO4\*:** Have to be run over 3 days

1. The following Competitions formats can be organized:

Format 1	or	Format 2
Day 1: Dressage		Day 1: Dressage
Day 2: Marathon		Day 2: Cones
Day 3: Cones		Day 3: Marathon

2. Prize-money: required

1.3. Open to 3\* Athletes

7. **Championships**

The various individual and team Championships are as follows (see Appendix D, GRs):

- FEI World Driving Championship for Four-in-Hand Horses / CH-M-A4
- FEI World Driving Championship for Pair Horses / CH-M-A2
- FEI World Driving Championship for Single Horses / CH-M-A1
- FEI World Driving Championships for Ponies / CH-M-A-P1,2,4
- FEI Continental Driving Championships for Four-in-Hand Horses /CH-EU-A4
- FEI Continental Driving Championships for Youth /CH-EU-A Youth
- FEI World Para-Driving Championships for Singles / CH-M-PEA1
- FEI World Driving Championships for Young Horses / CH-M-A1 YH

At Championships, the following ~~competitions~~Competitions' format has to be organized:

Day 1: Dressage
Day 2: Marathon
Day 3: Cones

Prize-money: required (except for Youth and Young Horses Championships where Prize-money is optional)

## 8. Organisation

In even years, the FEI will invite NFs to organise the CH-M-A4, the CH-M-A1 and the CH-EU-A Youth. In odd years, the FEI will invite NFs to organise the CH-M-A P1,2,4 and the CH-M-A2. No Continental Championship may be run in the same year as a World Championship in the same class. Every year, a CH-M-PEA1 may be organized. See FEI General Regulations (herein after "GRs"), Appendix D.

## 9. Additional Events

Organising Committees may arrange CAIs for other Classes during Championships and CAIOs. These additional Events must also comply with these Rules.

## 10. Overview of Categories and eCompetitions

Category	National Teams	Dressage	Marathon	Cones	Combined marathon
Championships	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
CAIO 4*	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
CAI 3*	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
CAI 2*	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
CAI 1*	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
CAI1* Indoor	No	No	No	No	Yes

## CHAPTER III CLASSIFICATION

### Article 902 Competitions

1. At the conclusion of each Competition, the Athletes will be classified according to the penalties received in that Competition.
2. In each Competition, the winner is the Athlete with the least number of penalties.
3. Scores will be calculated to two decimal places.

### Article 903 Events

1. The Final Classification for individuals is determined by adding together the penalties received in each Competition. The Athlete with the lowest number of penalties is the winner of the Event.
2. Athletes who are Eliminated or Disqualified or who Retire or Withdraw in any one of the Competitions cannot be included in the Final Classification. They will only be listed on the result sheet as: Eliminated (E), Disqualified (D), Retired (R), or Withdrawn (W).

### Article 904 Equality of Scores

1. If there is an equality of scores on completion of the three Competitions, the Athlete with the least number of penalties in Marathon will be classified above the others. If there is still an equality of points, the scores in Dressage will be the deciding factor.

### Article 905 Team Classification for Championships and CAIOs

1. This is determined by adding together the scores of the two Athletes in each National team with the lowest penalties in each Competition. Only the scores of those Team Members who have completed all three Competitions can be counted towards the final team scores.

### Article 906 Team Classification for Pony Championships

1. The Team classification will be determined by adding ~~together~~ the scores from the two Athletes in the Single Pony class and the Pair Pony class with the lowest penalties in each Competition and one Athlete in the Four-in-Hand class with the lowest penalties in each Competition. ~~final combined scores of the best team for a Single, Pair and Four in Hand.~~ Only those scores of the team Members who have completed all three Competitions without Elimination can be counted towards the final Team scores.

### Article 907 Team Classification for Youth Championships

1. The team classification will be determined by adding together the final combined scores of the best team for one child, one Junior and one Young Driver. Only those scores of the

team Members who have completed all three Competitions without Elimination can be counted towards the final team scores.

### **Article 908 Names of Horses**

1. The names of the Horses must appear on all score sheets, including the name of the spare Horse.

### **Article 909 Protests and Appeals**

- Protests: See GRs.
- Appeals: See GRs.

### **Article 910 Official Results**

1. Results are "official" as soon as they have been signed by the President of the Ground Jury. See GRs.

### **Article 911 Principles**

#### **1. Penalties**

- 1.1. The Rules concerning the Event and each Competition must be strictly enforced by the Ground Jury. Athletes who fail to comply with these Rules may incur Disqualification or Elimination, unless some other penalty is prescribed in the relevant Article.

#### **2. Yellow Warning Card**

- 2.1. Where there is abuse of Horses in any form or incorrect behavior towards Event Officials or any other party connected with the Event, non-compliance with Driving Rules, the President of the Ground Jury, the President of the Appeal Committee and the FEI Chief Steward, as an alternative to instituting the procedures foreseen in the legal system, may deliver to the Person Responsible a Yellow Warning Card.

#### **3. Disqualified (D)**

- 3.1. Athletes and Horses may be Disqualified for contravening certain of these Rules at any time during an Event. An Athlete or Horse who has been Disqualified is prohibited from taking any further part in the Event or winning any prize. Disciplinary action may be taken subsequently by the NF of the offender or by the FEI if the incident is reported to the FEI by the Foreign Judge or Appeal Committee, or if a Yellow warning Card has been issued.

#### **4. Eliminated (E)**

4.1. Athletes will be Eliminated from a Competition as a penalty for contravening certain Rules during the Competitions.

4.2. Athletes who are Eliminated may compete in the subsequent ~~competition~~ Competition(s) in the Event.

## **5. Retired (R)**

5.1. Athletes, who, for any reason, do not wish to continue, may decide to Retire during any of the Competitions. If an Athlete Retires in a Competition he is allowed to compete in the subsequent Competitions in the Event.

## **6. Withdrawn (W)**

6.1. Athletes are deemed to have Withdrawn if, for any reason, they fail to start in any of the Competitions. Once Withdrawn, Athletes may not take any further part in the Event with the turnout in question.

## **7. Lamé or Unfit Horses**

7.1. If a Horse is deemed to be lame or unfit by:

- The Judge at C in Dressage, then the Horse must be Disqualified and may not compete in any other Competition. The Athlete is eliminated.
- A member of the Ground Jury in Marathon or Cones, the Horse will be Eliminated as well as the Athlete.

## **8. Placings and Prize Money**

8.1. Athletes who Retire or are Eliminated from any Competitions may not be placed in that Competition or in the final classification.

8.2. Athletes may only receive prize money in Competitions in which they have competed without Disqualification, Elimination or Retirement. No Prize Money will be awarded to an Athlete who has been disqualified from any Competition.

**CHAPTER IV ELIGIBILITY (age of Athletes– starting possibilities)****Article 912 Minimum Age – Athletes and Grooms****1. Senior Classes:**

Class	Athlete Minimum Age
Horses Four-in-Hand	18 years
Horse Pairs	16 years
Horse Single	14 years
All Pony Classes	14 years

**2. Young Drivers Classes:**

Class	Athlete Age Class
Horses Four-in-Hand	18 - 21 years
Horse Pairs	16 - 21 years
Horse Single	16 - 21 years
All Pony Classes	16 - 21 years

**3. Juniors Classes:**

Class	Athlete Age Class
Horse Pairs	16 -18 years
Horse Single	14 - 18 years
All Pony Classes	14 - 18 years

**4. Children Classes:**

Class	Athlete Age Class
Single Pony	12 -14 years

**5. Age:**

Age is determined from the beginning of the calendar year in which the Athlete and grooms reach the designated age.



**6. Grooms:**

## 6.1. All Classes:

- Athletes under the age of 18 years must be accompanied by a groom(s) of 18 years or older.
- Athletes of 18 years and above must be accompanied by a groom(s) of 14 years or older.

## 6.2. Children:

The groom must be over 18 years old. The NF must ensure that the groom must be knowledgeable and experienced in Driving.

## 6.3. Para-Equestrian Athletes:

The groom must be over 18 years old. The NF must ensure that the groom has knowledge in Driving.

## 6.4. General:

Failure to comply with any part of this Article will result in the Disqualification of the Athlete.

**Article 913 Minimum Eligibility Requirements / Qualification criteria**

1. The Star system qualification is determined according to FEI records and attested to by each NF. Senior Athletes must successfully complete FEI Competitions to progress through the Star system as outlined hereafter.
2. Star qualification of Senior Athletes are obtained for life and apply across all classes.

Category	Qualification criteria
CAI1* <u>Athletes</u>	no minimum qualification criteria required
CAI2* <u>Athletes</u>	<del>open to</del> Athletes who have successfully completed two CAI1* - <u>Format 1, 2 (with Dressage) or 3 only</u> - without Elimination, <del>retirement</del> <u>Retirement</u> or Disqualification or alternatively, have successfully completed one CAI-B <u>(under the previous Rules)</u> or three CANs with Dressage, Marathon and Cones.
CAI3* <u>Athletes</u>	<del>open to</del> Athletes who have successfully completed two CAI2* without Elimination, <del>retirement</del> <u>Retirement</u> or Disqualification or alternatively, have successfully completed one CAI-A or <del>three-two</del> CAI-Bs under the previous FEI Driving Rules
CAI04*	<u>Open to 3* Athletes</u>
Youth	No criteria for Children, Junior and Young Drivers.
Para-Equestrian	no criteria

**Article 914 Championships / Eligibility Procedure for Championships**

1. Senior Championships are open to 3\* Athletes ~~having reached the level of 3\* and~~ who meet the eligibility requirements as published on the FEI website in the Driving Championships section.

2. Qualification results can be obtained at CAIO4\*, CAI3\* and CAI2\* (see Article 913).
3. Athletes are required to qualify in the same Class as they intend to compete in at the Championship.
4. The FEI shall also publish the maximum driven penalty points allowed at all Championships in Dressage to qualify to continue into Marathon and Cones. The Ground Jury will have the final decision as to whether an Athlete may continue into Marathon and Cones, taking in to account any contributing factors. There will be no Appeal.
5. For all FEI World Championships it is the responsibility of each NF to prove that their Entries meet the eligibility requirements. Certificates of capability and records of results must be sent by NFs to the OC with their nominated entries, for such entries to be considered valid. (See GRs).
6. NFs giving incorrect information will be reported to the FEI Secretary General for appropriate action in accordance with the applicable rules.

#### **Article 915 Hors Concours**

1. No Athlete may take part "Hors Concours" in any International Competition.

#### **Article 916 Entries**

1. The number of Horses that may be entered for an Event must be in accordance with the Schedule.
2. All Athletes invited or nominated for an International Event must be entered by their NFs. All foreign Athletes selected by their NFs must be accepted by the OC. OCs may not accept any other entries.
3. For FEI Championships, NFs may only enter Athletes who are qualified under the conditions decided by the relevant Technical Committee.
4. Under no circumstances may the OC limit the number of entries of eligible Athletes or teams for a FEI Championship.
5. Entries for FEI Championships must be made following the compulsory three phases outlined under Article 916.6 to 916.15.
6. Entries in principle must reach the OC at least eight weeks before the Event is due to begin. Entry in principle means that an NF has the definite intention of sending Athletes to participate in the Event. It must state whether the intention is to send only individuals, only a team or a team and individuals.
7. Nominated entries must reach the OC at least four weeks before the Event and must include a list of the names of Athletes and Horses from which the Definite Entries and any substitutions will be chosen and state the number of Athletes and Horses which the NF intends to send. The number of nominated entries of Athletes and Horses must not exceed twice the number invited in the Schedule. Once the nominated entries have been sent in, NFs may send fewer Athletes and/or Horses but never more than the number of nominated entries. NFs which are not represented after having made nominated entries and whose excuse is not acceptable to the OC shall be reported by the OC to the Secretary General for consideration of their excuse by the FEI Tribunal.

8. Definite entries must reach the OC at the latest four days preceding the beginning of the Event. These represent the final selection of Athletes and Horses that will travel to the Event. The Definite Entries may not exceed the number listed and must be chosen from the list of names on the Nominated Entries. After the Definite Entries have been sent in, substitutions of Horses and/or competitors may only be made with the express permission of the OC.
9. Entry forms for Horses must include the name/names, breed, sex, age, colour, country of birth, present nationality and passport number ~~and, where appropriate, qualifications~~.
10. Should an NF send more Athletes and/or Horses than shown in the Nominated Entry the OC is not obliged to accommodate them or to allow them to participate in that Event.
11. At an Event, an Athlete may withdraw any or all his Horses from a Competition, but he may not add a Horse not previously entered for that Competition without the Approval of the OC and the Ground Jury.
12. Where an NF has made a nominated entry of a team and finds that it will be unable to send a team, it must immediately inform the OC.
13. Teams or individual Athletes who have been definitely entered by their NFs at any Event and fail to take part without valid excuse must be reported by the Foreign Judge/Technical Delegate to the Secretary General for consideration by the FEI Tribunal. Competing at another Event staged at the same time does not constitute a valid excuse for failure to participate at an Event.
14. An NF cannot make definite entries for the same Athlete/Horse combinations to more than one OC on penalty of disqualification of such Athlete/Horse combinations from the Event where they eventually participate.
15. Withdrawals after the date of definite entries or no-shows will be liable to reimburse the OC for the financial loss incurred by the OC (i.e. stabling and hotel Expenses) as a result of late withdrawal or no-show.

#### **Article 917 Schedule of the ~~E~~vent:**

1. In the FEI approved schedule which is published by the OC of any CAI event, it is not necessary to repeat the FEI General Regulations or the FEI Driving Rules. All information as required in the Schedule will have to be given in detail to ensure that Athletes, Officials and all those concerned by the event are sufficiently informed.

#### **Article 918 Entries CAIs**

1. CAIs are primarily for Individual Athletes and there is no restriction on the number of Athletes or the number of Nations that may be entered.
2. At a CAI1\* and 2\* (Minor Events as per GRs), foreign Athletes living in the Host Nation may be entered by their Host NF as set out in the GRs, Article 119.6.1.

#### **Article 919 Entries Championships and CAIOs**

1. Championships and CAIOs are open to national teams. A national team consists of three Athletes of the same Nationality. In the event that a nation can only send two Athletes, they must be entered as a team. An entry from a nation able to send only one entry shall be classified as an individual entry.
2. For Pony Championships, please refer to Article 906 and ~~924~~[923](#).

3. [For Championships for Young Horses, please refer to the FEI website in the Driving Rules section.](#)

#### **Article 920 Entries - World and European Four-in-Hand Championship for Horses**

1. Each NF may enter a maximum of six Four-in-Hand Athletes with a maximum of ten Horses per Four-in-Hand on the nominated entry list and a maximum of three Four-in-hand Athletes with a maximum of five Horses per Four-in-hand on the definite entry list.
2. Should a NF only be able to send two Athletes, they must be entered as a team.
3. In addition, each NF is entitled to send a Chef d'Equipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the Athletes.
4. A NF which cannot send a team may enter one Athlete as an individual under the conditions set out in Article 919.

#### **Article 921 Entries World Pair Championship for Horses**

1. Each NF may enter a maximum of six Pair Athletes with a maximum of six Horses per Pair on the nominated entry list and a maximum of three Pair Athletes with a maximum of three Horses per Pair on the definite entry list.
2. Should a NF only be able to send two Athletes, they must be entered as a team.
3. Each NF is entitled to send a chef d'equipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the Athletes.
4. A NF which cannot send a team may enter one Athlete as an individual entry under the conditions set out in Article 919.

#### **Article 922 Entries World Singles Championship for Horses**

1. Each NF may enter a maximum of six Single Athletes with a maximum of two Horses per entry on the nominated entry list and three Single Athletes with a maximum of one Horse per Athlete on the definite entry list.
2. Should a NF only be able to send two Athletes, they must be entered as a team.
3. Each NF is entitled to send a chef d'equipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the Athletes.
4. A NF which cannot send a team may enter one Athlete as an individual under the conditions set out in Article 919.
5. A spare Horse from the nominated list may be entered by each national team. The Athlete who uses the spare Horse will be eligible for the individual classification, as well as for the team classification. The spare Horse can only be substituted once, not later than one hour before the start of Dressage, the Organiser being notified in writing.

#### **Article 923 Entries World Pony Driving Championships**

1. A national team shall consist of at least ~~one-two~~ Singles, ~~one-two~~ Pairs and one Four-in-Hand~~s~~. Each nation is entitled to send up to a maximum of ~~six-nine~~ Athletes divided into up to ~~two-three~~ Single, ~~two-three~~ Pair and ~~two-three~~ Four-in-Hand Athletes.
- 1.2. [A Nation who enters three Athletes in the Four-in-Hand pony class will have to declare the names of the two Four-in-Hand Athletes who will compete on the team at the latest one hour after the first Horse Inspection.](#)

~~2.3.~~ NFs which cannot send a team may send up to ~~2~~two Athletes in each Class.

~~3.4.~~ A spare Pony may be entered for the single Class. The Athlete who uses the spare Pony will be eligible for the individual classification as well as for the team classification. The spare Pony can only be substituted once not later than one hour before the start of Dressage and must be notified in writing to the Organiser.

~~4.5.~~ The Host Nation is entitled to two individual entries per class.

~~5.6.~~ Each NF is entitled to send a chef d'équipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the Athletes.

~~6. The best combined score for each Athlete will determine the final classification.~~

#### **Article 924 Entries Youth Driving Championships**

1. A national team shall consist of at least one Child, one Junior and one Young Driver and each Nation is entitled to send up to a maximum of six Athletes. NFs which cannot send a team may send up to six Athletes in total as individual entries.
2. A spare Pony/Horse may be entered for the single Class. The Athlete who uses the spare Pony/Horse will be eligible for the individual classification as well as for the team classification. The spare Pony/Horse can only be substituted once and no later than one hour before the start of Dressage and must be notified in writing to the Organiser.
3. The Host nation is entitled to two individual Entries per Class.
4. Each NF is entitled to send a chef d'Equipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the Athletes.
5. The best combined score for each Athlete will determine the final classification.

#### **Article 925 Entries World Driving Singles Championship for Para-Equestrian**

1. Each NF may enter a maximum of six Single PE Athletes with a maximum of two Horses per entry on the nominated entry list and three Single PE Athletes with a maximum of one Horse per PE Athlete on the definite entry list.
2. Each team must include at least one (1) Athlete from Grade I. Teams should not include more than 2 Athletes from any one Grade.
3. Should a NF only be able to send two PE Athletes, they must be entered as a team.
4. Each NF is entitled to send a chef d'équipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the PE Athletes.
5. A NF which cannot send a team may enter one PE Athlete as an individual entry under the conditions set out in Article 919.
6. A reserve Horse from the nominated list may be entered per national team. The PE Athlete who uses the reserve Horse will be eligible for the individual classification as well as for the team classification. The reserve Horse can only be substituted once, not later than one hour before the start of Dressage, the Organiser being notified in writing.

**Article 926 Expenses and privileges**

1. Expenses and privileges are laid down in the GRs.
2. The OC of World and Continental Championships may accept responsibility for meeting the travelling and living expenses of Athletes, Horses, grooms and team Officials (chefs d'équipe and Veterinarians) to be invited according to the rules from the day before the first Horse inspection until the day after the end of the Championships. This must be published in the schedule.
3. The OC of the World Equestrian Games must accept responsibility for meeting the living expenses of Athletes, Horses, grooms and team Officials (chefs d'équipe and Veterinarians) to be invited according to the rules from the day before the first ~~horse~~Horse inspection until the day after the end of the Championships. This must be published in the schedule.

**Article 927 Additional Entries**

1. At the discretion of the OC all NFs who have submitted a Nominated Entry for a team may be invited to enter Additional Entries.
2. The host nation may enter up to ~~5-3~~ additional entries. For Combined Pony 2 per class (Single, Pair, Four-in-Hand). and Youth Championships, 2 per class (age group). Exceptions may be granted by the FEI Driving Committee in conjunction with the Technical Delegate.
3. A second nominated entry date shall be specified in the Schedule should the OC decide to invite NFs to submit additional entries.
4. The number of nominated Athlete Entries may be twice the number permitted for definite entries as set out in the GRs, Article 116.4.2.

## CHAPTER V ATHLETES

### Article 928 Dress, safety and whips

#### 1. Dress in Dressage and Cones on a Dressage Carriage

- 1.1. The dress of Athletes and Grooms must conform to the style of the Carriage and harness used.
- 1.2. Jackets or national dress, driving aprons, hats and gloves are obligatory for Athletes.
- 1.3. Grooms must wear jackets or national dress, hats and gloves.
- 1.4. The President of the Ground Jury may decide that:
- 1.5. Jackets may be removed in excessively hot and humid weather;
- 1.6. Jackets are not required in special circumstances;
- 1.7. Wet weather clothing may be worn and aprons not required in wet weather.
- 1.8. 1.5Penalties for improper dress are stated under Articles 957 and 981.

#### 2. Dress in Marathon and Combined Marathon

- 2.1. Less formal dress is acceptable in Marathon for the Athlete and Grooms. Shorts are not permitted; Infringement will incur 10 penalties per person.
- 2.2. Athletes and Grooms must wear securely fastened Protective Headgear and a back protector in the Marathon. Infringement will incur Elimination.

#### 3. Dress for Juniors and Children

- 3.1. At all times, whilst on a carriage, Children and Junior Athletes must wear a body protector and a securely fastened Protective Headgear. During Horse inspections, it is strongly recommended for Children and Juniors to wear securely fastened Protective Headgear.

#### 4. Whip for Dressage and Cones

- 4.1. The Athlete must carry a whip of traditional style. The lash, which may be tied to the stick, must be capable of release, and must be long enough to reach all the Horses.
- 4.2. An Athlete must enter the arena with a whip in hand or incur 10 penalty points.
- 4.3. If an Athlete drops or puts down his whip, when in the arena, or if it is not held in the hand, he will incur 10 penalty points.
- 4.4. The whip, if dropped, need not be replaced and the Athlete may finish without a whip. However the Groom may hand the Athlete a spare whip and without any further penalty.

#### 5. Whip for Marathon and Combined Marathon

- 5.1. The whip can only be used by the Athlete. Failure to comply will incur 20 penalties.

## CHAPTER VI HORSES

### Article 929 Age of Horses

1. In CAI1\*, Horses must be 5 years old or over. In CAI2\* and above, Horses must be 6 years old or over. Failure to comply with this Article will result in the Disqualification of the Horse.

### Article 930 Height

1. Driving Ponies must not exceed 148 cm without shoes, or 149 cm with shoes. Above these heights, they are classified as Horses.
2. Driving Ponies in Pairs and Four-in-Hands may not be less than 108 cm without shoes, or 109 cm with shoes. Single Ponies must not be less than 120cms without shoes, 121cms with shoes.
3. It is the responsibility of the Athletes' NF to ensure that competing Ponies comply with the above criteria.

### Article 931 Number of Horses

1. The correct number of Horses stipulated for each class must be driven throughout each Competition. Athletes may not remove one or more Horses during a Competition and continue with less than the number stipulated for their Class.
2. A Horse may only take part once in each Competition.
3. Failure to comply with any part of this Article will result in Disqualification.

### Article 932 Special Conditions

1. Mares are not allowed to compete after their fourth month of pregnancy or with a foal at foot. If it is subsequently confirmed that a mare competed under either of these conditions, she will be Disqualified from all Events to which these conditions applied and the case will be reported to the Secretary General (See Code of Conduct).

### Article 933 Welfare of the Horse (Abuse of Horses and Doping)

1. Cruelty – Definition  
Abuse of Horse means and action or omission that causes or is likely to cause pain or unnecessary discomfort to a Horse including, but not limited to:
  - a) Excessive pressing of exhausted Horses
  - b) Excessive use of a whip
  - c) An unacceptably severe, badly fitting, broken or damaged bit
  - d) Badly fitting harness which might cause distress to the Horse
  - e) Damage to a Carriage which might cause injury to the Horse
2. Wounds and Lacerations
  - 2.1. Blood on Horses may be an indication of abuse of Horse and must be investigated case by case by any member of the Ground Jury.
  - 2.2. In minor cases of blood in the mouth, such as where a Horse appears to have bitten its tongue or lip, or minor bleeding on limbs, after investigation the Athlete may be authorized to continue.
3. Reporting  
Stewards, or any other Official, must report any instance of abuse of the Horse to any member of the Ground Jury as soon as possible.



#### 4. Penalty

Acts deemed as Abuse of Horse will result in the imposition by the Ground Jury of any or a combination of the following penalties:

- a) Yellow Warning card
- b) Fine
- c) Elimination
- d) Disqualification from the Event

### Article 934 Stable Security

#### 1. Championship, CAIO

- 1.1. See Veterinary Regulations (hereinafter "VRs"), Article 1023.

#### 2. CAIs

- 2.1. See VRs, Article 1023

2.2. Stable security as described in the VRs is not required. The OC is responsible for the control of all stable areas so that the following minimum security requirements are met:

2.3. The Welfare of the Horse is the first priority.

2.4. 24 hour security and supervision of the Stable Area(s) must be maintained whenever any stables are occupied.

2.5. Security fences are not obligatory, but fences and gates may be installed for safety and security reasons at the discretion the OC.

2.6. The stabling area must be approved by the Technical Delegate in conjunction with the FEI Chief Steward.

2.7. No Horse may be stabled overnight inside a truck or trailer. Only the Technical Delegate in consultation with the Chief Steward and the FEI Veterinary Delegate may grant exceptions in extreme circumstances or wet ground conditions in the stable area.

### Article 935 Examinations and Inspections of Horses

See VRs, Article 1033.

#### 1. Examination on Arrival.

1.1. This must take place at all Events upon arrival of competing Horses, and in any case before they enter the Event stables.

1.2. The purpose of this Examination on Arrival is to establish the Horses' identity by checking the passport and any other relevant documents, and to establish its general state of health.

1.3. The Examination on Arrival must be performed by the Veterinary Delegate or a Treating Veterinarian of the host country.

1.4. Any doubtful cases concerning identity or health must be reported to the Veterinary Delegate (if he does not perform the Examination himself) or to the Veterinary Commission as soon as possible and in any case no later than one hour before the First Horse Inspection.

#### 2. First Horse Inspection

2.1. This must take place at all Events before the start of the first ~~competition~~ [Competition](#). It must be performed under the direction of the President of the Ground Jury, together with at least one other Member of the Ground Jury, the Veterinary Delegate and/or the President of the Veterinary Commission. See VRs and Guidelines for [Organizers-OCs](#) and Officials for details.

2.2. For safety reasons, Horses must be presented in bridles and shown on a loose rein or lead. Each Horse must display its identity number (See Article 944.2).

2.3. Horses are not permitted to wear bandages or blankets/rugs.

- 2.4. No Horse may be presented with its identity concealed in any manner by application of paint or dye for example.
- 2.5. One FEI Steward with a Whip must be present. He is the only person who may assist if a Horse refuses to trot. Handlers may not carry a whip while showing the Horse. The use of a short whip for restraint of stallions and difficult Horses may be allowed by the Inspection Panel upon request (See VRs, Article 1033).
- 2.6. The Inspection consists of an initial observation of the Horse standing still. It must then be walked in front of the Inspecting Committee, and then trotted 30 metres away from the Committee before returning towards the Committee at the trot.
- 2.7. A Veterinarian may be allowed to handle a limb or other parts of the body, but he may not perform any other clinical tests (i. e., flex a limb, or walk or trot a Horse in a circle). see VRs, Article 1033.
- 2.7.2.8. In exceptional or doubtful cases, the Inspection Committee may direct that a Horse be placed in an officially supervised holding area (no whips allowed) for a further inspection to take place at a convenient time during the Inspection or in addition to be re-inspected on the following day without any request or presumption by the Athletes. A re-inspection on the following day is only possible if no decision (accepted or not accepted) is made on the day of the HI. The ~~horse~~Horse must be presented by the same person as before.
- 2.9. In all cases of further inspection or re-inspection, each member of the Ground Jury and the Veterinary Delegate will be issued with a voting slip on which they must check either a Yes or No box to indicate whether they consider the Horse fit to compete. After consideration of the veterinary opinion from both VD/Committion and holding box Veterinarian these forms will be handed to the President of Jury who will announce the majority decision as to whether the Horse may compete. If there is an even number of Jury members and Veterinary Delegates, then the President of the Ground Jury, the Foreign Judge and either the Veterinary Delegate or the President of the Veterinary Commission will be the sole voters. There is no Appeal against this decision. It is compulsory to have a Veterinarian available in the holding box.
- 2.10. Any Horse, which is due for re-inspection on the following day and is accepted, can be sampled for Prohibited Substances.
- 2.11. Only a member of the Ground Jury has the authority to Disqualify any Horse which is considered to be unfit for the Event (marked lameness, serious injury or poor general condition). A Veterinarian has no authority to disqualify a Horse except where there is a welfare issue.  
In all cases of further inspection or re-inspection, each member of the Ground Jury and the Veterinary Delegate will be issued with a voting slip on which they must check either a Yes or No box to indicate whether they consider the Horse fit to compete. These forms will be handed to the President of Jury who will announce the majority decision as to whether the Horse may compete. If there is an even number of Jury members and Veterinary Delegates, then the President of the Ground Jury, the Foreign Judge and either the Veterinary Delegate or the President of the Veterinary Commission will be the sole voters. There is no Appeal against this decision.
- 2.12. The Athlete or his representative who presents the Horse must be smartly dressed.
3. In-Harness Horse Inspection
  - 3.1. This must take place at all Events during, and at the site of, the 10 minute compulsory rest prior to the start of section B of Marathon. One member of the Ground Jury and a Veterinarian are responsible for this Inspection. It must be performed carefully but rapidly so that the Athlete has time to care for his Horses before the start of section B.
  - 3.2. The fitness of the Horses must be determined by clinical observation, which may include: measuring the heart rate, the respiratory rate and the temperature in accordance with the VRs. These observations must be recorded.

- 3.3. The Ground Jury member must Eliminate the Athlete if his Horse is considered to be lame, injured or obviously exhausted and unfit to continue the Competition.

#### 4. In-Harness Examination

- 4.1. The Examination must take place at the finish of Section B of Marathon at all Events. It must be performed under the supervision of a Treating Veterinarian in case any Horse needs immediate treatment. The Veterinarian has no authority to Disqualify a Horse. He must report his findings to the Veterinary Delegate and President of Jury as soon as possible after the last Athlete has completed the Marathon.

#### 5. In-Harness Inspection before Cones

- 5.1. The In-Harness Inspection must be carried out before any Horse starts Cones, only when Cones follow Marathon. It must be performed by an Inspecting Committee consisting of one Member of the Ground Jury together with the Veterinary Delegate, or the Veterinary Commission. The Inspection is obligatory at all Events when Cones follow Marathon. The Horse(s) must be presented by the Athlete himself; Competing without presenting will result in an Elimination.
- 5.2. Horses will be inspected harnessed to their carriages. Leg bandages over-reach boots and brushing boots are permitted, but must be removed if required.
- 5.3. Only the Ground Jury member has the authority to Disqualify the Horse if it is considered to be unfit to continue the Event.

#### 6. Removing a Horse from Competition

- 6.1. Each member of the Ground Jury has the right and duty to eliminate any Horse at any time, which is evidently lame, injured or unfit to continue. No Appeal may be made against a decision taken under the terms of this Article.
- 6.2. The Athlete may Retire at any time.

#### 7. Medication Control of Horses

- 7.1. This must be conducted in accordance with General Regulations (See Article 143), and the Veterinary Regulations.

#### 8. Passports

- 8.1. See applicable provisions in the General Regulations.

## CHAPTER VII CARRIAGES AND HARNESS

### Article 936 Permitted Carriages

Category	Dressage	Marathon	Cones	Combined marathon
Championships	Dressage Carriage	Marathon Carriage	Dressage Carriage	N/A
CAIO 4*	Dressage Carriage	Marathon Carriage	Dressage Carriage	N/A
CAI 3*	Dressage Carriage	Marathon Carriage	Dressage Carriage	N/A
CAI 2*	Dressage or <sup>1</sup> Marathon carriage	Marathon Carriage	<del><sup>1</sup>Marathon-</del> <sup>1</sup> Marathon carriage	N/A
CAI 1*	Dressage or Marathon carriage (solid rubber or pneumatic tyres)	N/A	Dressage or Marathon carriage (solid rubber or pneumatic tyres)	Marathon carriage (solid rubber or pneumatic tyres)
CAI1* Indoor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Marathon carriage (solid rubber or pneumatic tyres)

<sup>1</sup>Carriage with correct Dressage width

### Article 937 Weights and Dimensions

#### 1. General

- 1.1. In all Classes, during Dressage, Marathon, Cones and Combined Marathon, if the carriage has no brakes, breeching is compulsory. Failure to comply will result in Elimination. In Single ~~horse~~Horse and single pony classes breeching is compulsory.
- 1.2. No part of a carriage may be wider than the outside Track Width, with the exception of hub caps, mud guards and the Splinter Bar for carriages used in Dressage and Cones.
- 1.3. The track width of all carriages is measured at ground level on the widest part of the rear wheels.
- 1.4. Athletes whose carriages do not conform to the required weights or measurements will be eliminated from the relevant Competition.

#### 2. Carriages for Para-Equestrian Driving:

- 2.1. Carriages suitable for the disabled Athlete must be used and carriages for PE Singles may be 2 or 4-wheeled.
- 2.2. The OC or Technical Delegate may refuse the use of a carriage, but must give the reason for the refusal.

## 3. Dressage Carriages must comply with the following:

Class	Wheels	Grooms	Min. Width
Horse Four-in-Hand	4	2 behind	158 cm
Pony Four-in-Hand			138 cm
Horse Pair	4	1 behind	148 cm
Pony Pair			138 cm
Horse Single	2 or 4	1 behind or beside	138 cm
Pony Single			

3.1. The same Carriage must be used for Dressage and Cones for ~~CAI3\*~~CAI2\* 3.1.3.2. and above (See Article 936).

3.2.3.3. Artificial extensions to increase the measured width of a Carriage are not permitted in Cones.

## 4. Marathon Carriages must comply with the following:

Class	Wheels	Min Weight	Grooms	Min. Width
Horse Four-in-Hand	4	600 kg	2 behind	125 cm
Pony Four-in-Hand		300 kg		
Horse Pair	4	350 kg	1 behind	125 cm
Pony Pair		225 kg		
Horse Single	4	150 kg	1 behind	125 cm
Pony Single		90 kg		

4.1. In Marathon, all Carriages will be measured before the start of section B and the same Carriage must be used for all sections.

4.2. The President of the Ground Jury will decide whether all, or a random selection, of Carriages will be weighed after Marathon.

**Article 938 Equipment**

1. Dressage Carriages must be fitted with forward facing lamps and rear lamps or reflectors in dressage only (penalties: see Article 957). Lamps or reflectors are not compulsory in Cones.

**Article 939 Tyres**

1. Pneumatic or air-filled, tyres are only permitted in CAI1\* as per Article 936.
2. In all ~~competitions~~Competitions carriages must be fitted with iron or solid rubber tyres. The outer surface of the tyre must be smooth. Failure to comply results in an Elimination.
3. Pneumatic tyres are permitted in Para-Equestrian Driving.

**Article 940 Harness, carriage and Horses**

1. Harness
  - 1.1. The distance between Horse/Pony and carriage must not be less than 50cm at all times, fender rolls, 40cm.
  - 1.2. Dressage Carriage:

- 1.2.1. Horses (Four-in-Hand wheelers or a Pair of Horses): the distance between the traces must be minimum ~~60-55~~ cm (Ponies: minimum ~~50-45~~ cm).
- 1.2.2. Traces must not cross each other. Swingle trees may not cross the center line of the carriage.
- 1.3. Marathon Carriage:
  - 1.3.1. Horses (Four-in-Hand wheelers or a Pair of Horses): the distance between the traces must be minimum 55 cm (Ponies: minimum ~~50-45~~ cm).
  - 1.3.2. Traces must not cross each other.

In addition:

- 1.4. Length of individual pole chains or pole straps: the length has to be minimum 30 cm. The measurement is taken from the center of the pole head, including the complete quick release.
- 1.5. Horse yoke or T-bar: the total width including the complete quick releases has to be minimum 60 cm. When the measurement is taken from the center of the pole head, to include the complete quick releases, it has to be minimum 30 cm.
- 1.6. Yokes or T-bars must not be positioned behind any part of the shoulder.
- 1.7. Pole and the pole straps must be of sufficient length to allow free movement of the Horses.
- 1.8. For Horse Four-in-Hand leaders, the complete lead bar must measure at least 1m and the distance between the traces must measure at least 45 cm. swingle trees at least 50 cm.
- 1.9. ~~Swingle trees and leader bars must be of sufficient width so as not to impede the free movement of the Pony or Ponies~~ For Pony Four-in-hand leaders, the complete lead bars must measure at least 85cm and the distance between the traces must measure at least 35 cm.
- 1.10. Yoke width or pole straps must be sufficient to allow the free movement of the Ponies.
- 1.11. It is not necessary to use the same harness for Dressage and Cones, but in both Competitions, it must be safe, clean and uniform in appearance and in a style appropriate to the turnout.
- 1.12. The Horses must be correctly harnessed to the carriage, including the reins.
- 1.13. Failure to comply with these rules will result in a verbal warning or Yellow Warning Card, given by the Ground Jury. Subsequent offences at the same event will be penalised a second yellow Warning Card or Elimination.
- 1.14. During Dressage, Marathon, Cones and Combined Marathon, wWhenever a single Horse/Pony is harnessed to a carriage breeching is compulsory. Failure to comply results in Elimination.
- 1.15. Where a forbidden equipment is used or a severe incidence on the welfare of the Horse is ascertained, the penalty will be Elimination or Disqualification (see Article 940.13).

2. Bandages and Brushing Boots

- 2.1. Bandages and Brushing Boots are not permitted in Dressage. Failure to comply will result in 10 penalty points.
- 2.2. If a penalty is applied under 940.2.1 above, the Bandages or Brushing Boots must be removed immediately after leaving the Arena and the Horse(s) inspected by a Veterinarian or an FEI Steward who will report his findings to the President of the Ground Jury.

3. Nosebands, ancillary equipment and blinkers

- 3.1. Any nosebands, attachments or ancillary equipment which impede or ~~is-are~~ likely to impede the free intake of air into the nostrils of the Horse are not permitted.
- 3.2. Blinkers, if used, and ancillary equipment must not impede forward vision or be so close to the eyes as to irritate them.

#### 4. Connecting straps

- 4.1. Connecting straps between neck or breast collars may be used in all Four-in-Hand Competitions. The leaders may not be attached to each other in any other way (except by the Reins).

#### 5. Auxiliary reins

- 5.1. Auxiliary reins (including any type of check reins) are not permitted when in harness.
- 5.2. Para-Equestrian Driving: driving with a second set of reins or divided reins is not allowed.

#### 6. Tails

- 6.1. Tails may not be tied or attached to any part of the harness or Carriage, with the exception of a recognised tail guard. No other ancillary device restricting the free movement of the Horse's tail is permitted.

#### 7. Leverage Devices

- 7.1. All rings, terrets and/ or other devices which have an extreme leverage effect on the reins or bits are forbidden at any time within the Showgrounds.

#### 8. Bits

- 8.1. Bits do not need to be identical.
- 8.2. All bitless bridles and hackamores are not permitted when the Horse is harnessed to a carriage.

#### 9. Tongues

- 9.1. Tongue guards are only permitted if used correctly; separate items must not be incorporated around the bit so as to cause welfare concerns. (see VRs article 1035.4).

#### 10. Impaired Vision

- 10.1. No attachment or ancillary harness may be positioned between the wheelers and the leaders, in such a way as to impair the vision of either of the wheelers.

#### 11. Application or use of devices, substances or implements

- 11.1. An attachment to the pole, traces or shafts, application or use of any substance, device, or implement, which may cause irritation or discomfort to the Horse is forbidden within the Showgrounds.
- 11.2. Ear muffs and plugs are permitted.

#### 12. Shoes

- 12.1. Any conventional type of shoe is permitted; double shoes or additional weight (lead) are not allowed.

#### 13. Penalties

- 13.1. Contravention of any paragraph in this Article in Competition will incur Elimination of the Athlete, except for 940.1.1 to 940.1.1513.
- 13.2. For contravention at any other time within the Showgrounds, with the exception of Article 940.2.1, will result in a Yellow Warning Card. A second offence at the same event will result in a higher penalty up to and including Disqualification at the discretion of the Ground Jury.

### Article 941 Advertising on carriages, harness and clothing

#### 1. In Dressage and Cones

- 1.1. The name of the harness manufacturer may appear once on each harness on a label no wider than the strap on which it appears and not longer than 10 cm.

- 1.2. The sponsor's name or "logo", or the Athlete's "association", may appear on each side of the carriage within a surface area no greater than 400 sq. cm.
  - 1.3. The name of the carriage manufacturer may appear on a Carriage on a label of not more than 50 sq. cm. Identification of clothing manufacturers may appear only once per item on a surface area not exceeding 3 sq. cm.
  - 1.4. Whilst present in the ~~competition~~Competition arena, the name and/ or logo of the individual's sponsor(s) and team sponsor( s) may appear on the surface area not exceeding 80 sq. cm and only once on jackets or top garments at the height of the breast pockets of Athletes.
  - 1.5. The name and/ or logo of the individual's sponsor(s) and team sponsor(s) may appear on a surface area not exceeding 16 sq.cm on both sides of the Athlete's shirt collar.
2. Advertising in Marathon
  - 2.1. Advertising is allowed on carriages and all clothing. The name of the harness manufacturer may appear once on each harness on a label no wider than the strap on which it appears and no longer than 10cms.
3. Penalties
  - 3.1. Contravening with any of the rules on advertising will result in a Yellow Warning Card issued by the President of the Ground Jury or the Chief Steward.

#### **Article 942 Safety**

1. In the Showgrounds, whenever the Horse(s) are fully harnessed or being harnessed to a carriage, Groom(s) must at all times be in attendance and able to render assistance if needed. Whenever Horses are driven, a Groom must be on the carriage or if there is no seat available, at hand on the training field.
2. The Athlete may only dismount from the carriage when Grooms are at the Horses' heads or the reins are given to another responsible person on the carriage.
3. No Horse may be led from a moving carriage.
4. Contravening the safety rules will result in a Yellow Warning Card being issued by the Ground Jury or the Chief-Steward. Subsequent offences at the same Event will be penalized by a second Yellow Warning Card or penalty up to Elimination, at the discretion of the Ground Jury.



## CHAPTER VIII CONDITIONS FOR PARTICIPATION

### Article 943 Participation

#### 1. Method of Driving

- 1.1. Athletes may use any method or style of driving.

#### 2. The Athletes and Grooms

- 2.1. Each Athlete must drive the same Horse(s) in all the Competitions, except where a substitution was decided in compliance with the rules. See Article 946.
- 2.2. In World Cup Qualifiers, CAIOs and Championships:
  - 2.2.1. ~~an~~ An Athlete stays as an Athlete and a Groom stays as a Groom.
  - 2.2.2. In CAIO and Championships, an Athlete or Groom may compete only once.
  - 2.2.3. Athletes and Grooms competing in a CAIO and Championship cannot be part of a turnout in another Marathon Competition held on the same showground.
- 2.3. Depending on the schedule, in CAI1\* and CAI2\*, an Athlete can compete twice and in addition, he can act as Groom. In a CAI3\*, an Athlete can compete twice, but he cannot act as Groom.
- 2.4. Groom(s) may participate several times in all ~~competitions~~ Competitions, except in CAIOs and Championships.
- 2.5. The Athlete is the only person allowed to handle the reins, use whip and brake throughout each Competition. Each contravention of this Rule, even if to prevent an accident, will result in 20 penalties. However, a Groom may handle the ~~Reins-reins~~ and ~~Brake-brakes~~ without penalty in all Competitions provided the carriage remains stationary.
- 2.6. No person may be tied to the Carriage in any way during the Competitions. An Athlete may be secured by rope, webbing or belt, provided one end is held by a Groom and not wrapped or fastened to the carriage in any way. Failure to comply will result in elimination.
  - 2.6.1. For Para-Equestrian Drivers, in addition ref. to Annex 8.
- 2.7. Substitution of a Groom during the Marathon ~~competition~~ Competition is not permitted under any circumstances, and will incur Elimination of the Athlete.
- 2.8. In Dressage (as part of the test) and Cones, Athletes will be required to salute the Jury, unless time or layout of the Course prevents it.
- 2.9. Passengers may not ride on the carriage during ~~all any competitions~~ Competitions.
- 2.10. Each time an Athlete dismounts he will incur 20 penalties.
- 2.11. Athletes will incur penalties each time one or both Grooms dismount. 5 penalties on the first occasion, 10 penalties on the second occasion. On the third occasion the Athlete is Eliminated. Exception in Marathon, see Art. 964.5.1.

#### 3. Number of accredited Grooms

- 3.1 Four-in-Hand: up to four (4)
- 3.2 Pairs: up to three (3)
- 3.3 Singles: up to two (2)

### Article 944 Identification Number

#### 1. Athlete

- 1.1. Athletes will be allocated an Event Number per turnout on arrival and will retain that number throughout the Event. The number must be displayed on any Carriage used during the Competitions and also while schooling or exercising.

#### 2. Horse

- 2.1. Horses must be issued with a letter from A to F which follows the Athlete's Identification Number. This identification must be attached to the left side of the Horse (Pairs and

Fours should have them, visible, on the outside when in harness) at all times within the Showgrounds, when it is outside its stable.

3. Penalties

- 3.1. Failure to display the Event Numbers of Athletes or the identification numbers of Horses will incur a warning for the first occurrence. A repeated offence will incur a Yellow Warning Card issued by the President of Jury or the Chief Steward.

## Article 945 Outside assistance

1. Definition

- 1.1. Any physical intervention by a third party, not riding on the carriage, whether solicited or not, with the object of facilitating the task of the Athlete or helping his Horses, is considered to be outside assistance.

2. Prohibited outside assistance

2.1 Dressage and Cones:

- 2.1.1 Any intervention by a third party, not riding on the carriage, whether solicited or not, with the object of facilitating the task of the Athlete or helping his ~~horses~~Horses, is considered to be outside assistance. Any Athlete who has received physical outside assistance may be eliminated by the Ground Jury.

- 2.1.2 In Dressage and Cones, Grooms must remain seated in their proper positions between entering and leaving the Arena. They are not permitted to handle the reins or the whip (will ~~eneure-incur~~ 20 penalites) nor speak or indicate the course to the Athlete (will ~~eneure-incur~~ 10 penalties). However the Groom may handle the reins or the whip without penalty provided the carriage remains stationary.

- 2.1.3 Exception: If the bell has been rung by the President of the Jury and the Athlete has failed to hear the bell; the Groom may advise the Athlete that the bell has been rung.

- 2.1.4 Athletes and Grooms may not use any form of electronic communication equipment during Dressage and Cones, subject to elimination.

2.2 Marathon:

- 2.2.1 Obstacle observers, ground observers, time keepers or any other Officials may not give directions, advice or information to the Athlete, while he is on the course in Marathon, in order to assist him. Exceptions: see Article 945.3.

- 2.2.2 Any Athlete who has received physical outside assistance by a third party not riding on the carriage may be eliminated by the Ground Jury.

- 2.3. Penalties: see Article 969.

3. Permitted assistance

- 3.1. The following are considered to be permitted outside assistance:

- Assistance during compulsory rests and in neutral zones between Sections.
- Assistance to avoid accidents.
- Assistance to Horses as a result of an accident inside an obstacle, providing the Grooms are dismounted.
- Assistance by the Groom whereby a Horse is led through an obstacle by the bridle ends of the reins while harnessed to the carriage in either Marathon or Cones, will incur 20 penalties for the assistance in addition to the penalties for dismount.

## CHAPTER IX SUBSTITUTIONS

### Article 946 Substitutions

#### 1. Substitutions before an Event

- 1.1. If the Veterinary Commission/ Delegate advises, and the Ground Jury concurs, that a Horse is not fit to take part, or in the event of an accident or illness of an Athlete and/or a Horse (substantiated by a certificate from an official recognized doctor and/or veterinarian), substitutions may be made provided the OC gives its approval ~~before the start of the Event (as defined in Appendix A of the GRs. "Period of an Event")~~ up to one hour before the start of the first competition.
- 1.2. However, a Horse or Athlete, or a combination of Horse and Athlete may only be replaced by a Horse and/or Athlete listed in the same class on the nominated entry list.

#### 2. Substitutions during an Event

- 2.1. Substitution of Horses or Athletes during a Competition is not permitted. The penalty will be Disqualification.
- 2.2. Athletes in Four-in-Hand classes may start each Competition with any four (4) of their five (5) declared entries.
- 2.3. Athletes in Pair classes may start each Competition with any two (2) of their three (3) declared entries.
- 2.4. Athletes in Single classes must start each Competition with their single declared entry.
- 2.5. One ~~horse~~Horse may be used by another Athlete in the same class after the first Horse Inspection if that Athlete has not presented a spare ~~horse~~Horse and providing the borrowed ~~horse~~Horse has not already been used in a Competition at the Event. This ~~horse~~Horse must then stay with that new Athlete for the whole Event. In CAIOs and Championships, such Horse must be entered by the same NF as the competing Athlete.

## **CHAPTER X DECLARATION OF STARTERS – ORDER OF STARTING**

### **Article 947 Declaration of starters**

1. In CAIOs and Championships, the Chefs d'Equipe must declare, in writing, the composition of the team and declare the names of the individual Athletes at the latest one hour after the first Horse Inspection.
2. The declaration of starters may not take place before the end of the first Horse Inspection.
3. Chefs d'equipe (At CAIs- the Athletes) must declare in writing at least one hour before the scheduled start time of the Competition the names of the Athletes' Horses, chosen from those already definitely entered and approved at the first Horse Inspection, who will be starting in each Competition.
4. At all CAI Events additional Horses may be brought to the Showgrounds at the discretion of the OC, provided they can be properly identified by an identifying coloured number which must be attached to the harness at all times when the ~~horse~~Horse is out of the stable. The Horses must comply with all the applicable requirements of the VRs. The additional Horse must be presented and identified at the first Horse Inspection, where the FEI Chief Steward, will also paint one hoof in a distinctive colour and ensure that the paint mark remains visible throughout the Event.

### **Article 948 Starting Order**

1. Starting order for CAIs\$
  - 1.1. Starting order for the first ~~competition~~Competition for CAIs
    - 1.1.1 The starting order will be a computer generated draw or a physical draw (physical draw is mandatory for World Cup Qualifiers), both held in any case in the presence of the President of the Ground Jury.
    - 1.1.2 Starting Order for the second and third ~~competitions~~Competitions for CAIs  
The Athletes will go in reverse order of the results in the previous ~~competition~~Competition(s).  
The Starting order will be:
      - a) Retired Athletes, followed by
      - b) Eliminated Athletes, followed by
      - c) The Athletes competing twice with their ~~lowest-placed~~turnout in the lowest placing, followed by
      - d)The remaining Athletes, commencing with the highest number of penalties, so that Athlete with the least number of penalties achieved without Retirement or Elimination will start last.
2. Starting order for CAIOs and Championships
  - 2.1. Starting order for Dressage for CAIOs and Championships
    - 2.1.1. Draw of Individual Athletes:
      - a) Draw an Athlete's name.
      - b) Draw a starting position (President of Jury or Foreign Judge to draw).
      - c) Enter name in starting order. This is then repeated for all individual Athletes.
    - 2.1.2. Draw for order of Nations with teams:
      - a) Draw a nation.
      - b) Chef d'equipe draws position of the nation.
      - c) Nation position entered.
      - d) Chef d'equipe designates the first team member.
      - e) Chef d'Equipe then draws for position A, B or C.
      - f) Athlete's name is entered in appropriate position.

- g) This is then repeated for remaining team members.
- h) Procedure is then repeated for All nations.

Nations are then listed in numerical order.

~~Enter team Athletes are entered in the starting order for Dressage as follows:~~

Team Athletes are then entered in the starting order for Dressage, as follows:

- a) Athlete A of Nation 1 is entered in the first free starting position.
- b) Athlete A of Nation 2 is entered into the next free position.
- c) This is repeated for all remaining nations.

This procedure is then repeated for Athletes B and C of all nations.

2.2. Starting order for Marathon for CAIOs and Championships

The Athletes will go in reverse order of the results in Dressage, so that the Athlete with the most penalty points from Driven Dressage will go first and the Athlete with the fewest Penalties goes last. In the event of equal Driven Dressage penalties between Athletes the President of Jury will draw for their position in the order of start for Marathon.

The Starting Order will be:

- a) Retired Athletes, followed by
- b) Eliminated Athletes, followed by
- c) ~~The Athletes competing twice with their lowest placed turnout, followed by~~
- d) The remaining Athletes, commencing with the highest number of penalties after Dressage, so that Athlete with the least number of penalties achieved without Retirement or Elimination will start last.

2.3. Starting order for Cones for CAIOs and Championships

The Athletes will go in reverse order of the results in Dressage and Marathon, so that the Athlete with the most penalty points from Driven Dressage and Marathon will go first and the Athlete with the fewest Penalties goes last. In the event of equal Driven Dressage and Marathon penalties, the result of the Marathon decides.

The starting order will be:

- a) Retired Athletes, followed by
  - b) Eliminated Athletes, followed by
  - c) ~~The Athletes competing twice with their lowest placed turnout, followed by~~
  - d) The remaining Athletes, commencing with the one with the highest number of penalties after Dressage and Marathon, so that the Athlete with the least number of penalties achieved without Retirement or Elimination will start last.
- In the Event of Athletes having equal scores, the procedure set out in Article 948.2.3 will apply.

All Cone-Driving outside a combined ~~competition~~Competition starts with a draw.

## CHAPTER XI DRIVEN DRESSAGE

### Article 949 General

1. The objective of the Driven Dressage Test is to judge the freedom, regularity of paces, harmony, impulsion, suppleness, lightness, ease of movement and correct bending of the Horses on the move. Athletes will also be judged on style, accuracy, and general control of their Horses, and also on their dress, condition of their harness and Carriage and the presentation of their whole turnout.

### Article 950 The Arena

1. The Driven Dressage arena must be 100m x 40m and laid out in accordance with the Annexes for all classes at Championship and CAIO events and for all classes of Four-in-Hand at CAI Events.
2. At CAI Events a smaller arena, measuring 80m x 40m and laid out in accordance with the Annexes, may be used for all classes of Singles and Pairs, in which case the loops of the serpentine must be reduced from five to three.
3. In Youth categories, the Driven Dressage Arena must be 80 x 40 m. The Organiser must ensure that the arena is enclosed.
4. Organisers must ensure that arrangements are in place so that spectators cannot approach closer than 5 ~~meters~~metres from the edge of the arena.

### Article 951 Driven Dressage Tests

1. Approved Tests  
Details of approved FEI Driven Dressage Tests are shown on the FEI Website. The Schedules for all Events must state clearly which of these Tests is to be used.

### Article 952 Conditions

1. Entering the Arena  
An Athlete who enters the arena before the starting signal or who fails to enter the arena within 90 seconds of the starting signal may be Eliminated, at the discretion of the President of the Ground Jury.
2. Memory  
The FEI Driven Dressage Test must be driven from memory. Speaking or indication given by a groom will incur 10 penalties (10 penalties can only be given once per Test).
3. Lameness
  - 3.1. If the President of the Ground Jury observes a case of marked lameness, he must Disqualify the Horse and Eliminate the Athlete. There can be no appeal against this decision.
  - 3.2. In doubtful cases, after the Athlete has finished his test, the President of the Ground Jury may have the Horse checked immediately by the Veterinary Delegate outside the arena. The Horse will be checked while harnessed to the carriage. If the Veterinary Delegate confirms the lameness the ~~horse~~Horse must be disqualified and the Athlete eliminated.
  - 3.3. In Competitions where additional Dressage arenas are being used, the duty of the President of the Ground Jury as indicated above shall fall under the responsibility of the Judge at C of the applicable arena.

### Article 953 Judging

1. Positions of Judges  
When there are five (5) Judges officiating they may be seated at CRSVP. If there are three (3) Judges the places may be CBE or CEP or any letter around the arena

depending on the driven Test and the Judge's best view. The President of the Ground Jury will decide the positions. For CAI1\*, when there are two (2) Judges officiating, they may be seated at C and B or C and E.

2. Allocation of marks

The Judges will allocate their marks individually. There will be no consultation among Judges once the Athlete has started the Test. Only the Judge at C may give penalties for incomplete presentation or incidents.

3. Multiple Turnouts

Pairs and Four-in-Hands will be judged as a whole and not as individual Horses.

4. Pace

The definition of paces - movements will apply to all types and breeds of Horses.

5. Start and Finish

The test starts as the Athlete enters the Arena at A, unless otherwise stated, and Finishes with the final salute. Tests are not timed. The Athlete will leave the Arena at a trot.

### Article 954 Movements and their descriptions

1. Halt

The Horse must stand square, straight and motionless, remaining on the bit.

2. Walk

With a regular four-beat movement, the Horse, remaining in a light contact, walks energetically, supple, with even and determined strides with the hind feet touching the ground in front of the foot prints of the fore feet and stretching forwards downwards.

3. Free Walk

Same definition as for the Walk, but in addition, gaining ground as much as possible, clearly lengthening the frame and stretching forwards downwards.

4. Working Trot

A forward, active regular trot, with the Horse on the bit, carrying himself in balance and rhythm with even, elastic steps, good hock action and clear impulsion. The steps of the hind feet must at least be touching the ground in the footprints of the fore feet.

5. Collected Trot

The Horse remains on the bit and moves energetically forward with a greater degree of engagement, leading to an increased flexion of the hocks and fetlock joints and raising up with the forehand, thus allowing for more mobility and elevation of the strides. The neck will be raised and more arched, with the poll the highest part. The nose should not be behind the vertical, or the neck restricted. The hind legs should take more weight and cadence should be visible.

6. Extended Trot

6.1. The Horse lengthens his stride to cover as much ground as possible as a result of greater impulsion from the hindquarters. The Athlete allows the Horse, remaining "on the bit" without leaning on it, to lengthen its frame to gain ground, with the nose slightly in front of the vertical. The hind feet must clearly over track the prints made by the fore feet.

6.2. The Horse must remain in balance while maintaining the same rhythm with strides of equal size. Hurried strides ~~is-are~~ not asked for, and ~~is-constitute~~ a severe fault.

7. Medium Trot

Between the defined Working Trot and Extended Trot. The Horse lengthens his stride to cover less ground than asked for in the Extended Trot but more ground than asked for in the Working Trot as a result of greater impulsion from the hindquarters. The Athlete allows the Horse, remaining 'on the bit' without leaning on it, to lengthen the frame to gain ground, with the nose slightly in front of the vertical. The hind feet should overtrack the footprints made by the fore feet. The Horse must remain in balance while maintaining the same rhythm with strides of equal size. Hurried strides ~~is-are~~ not asked for and ~~is-constitute~~ a severe fault.

#### 8. Working Canter

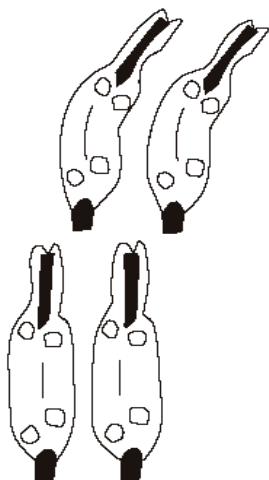
- 8.1. A forward, active pace with regular strides of three time beat. The Horse, showing good balance, remains on the bit without leaning on the hand, and goes forward with light cadenced strides and good hock action.
- 8.2. A Canter to the right, for instance, will have the footfalls follow one another in the following sequence: left hind, left diagonal (simultaneously left fore and right hind), right fore, followed by a moment of suspension with all four feet off the ground before the next stride begins.
- 8.3. The quality of the Canter is judged by the general impression, and the regularity and lightness of the three-beat pace in a clear uphill tendency. The Horse must be on the bit and well engaged in the hindquarters with good hock action, and must have the ability to maintain his rhythm and natural balance throughout the movement and the transitions. The Horse must remain straight on straight lines and correctly bent on curved lines.

#### 9. Rein-~~Backback~~

- 9.1. The Horse must walk backwards in a straight line, with the legs being lifted and set down in diagonal pairs. The Horse must remain on the bit, straight and not evade or resist the contact, the poll should remain the highest point.
- 9.2. Transition to the next movement must be immediate and smooth.

#### 10. ~~Shoulder-Shoulder~~-In

- 10.1. Shoulder in for the Driven Horse is performed in Collected Trot. The leaders are positioned so that the outside leader's tail is in front of the head of the pole. The leaders' shoulders are taken to the inside with a constant angle of approximately 30 degrees and a slight but consistent bend in the neck. The inside hind leg strides forward into the line of the outside front leg so that the Horses are working on three tracks. Impulsion, rhythm and engagement must be maintained throughout.
- 10.2. Too much bend in the neck results in loss of rhythm and suppleness. The wheelers must remain straight with no counter bend.



#### 11. Stretching the frame



Letting the Horse take the reins, stretching long and low – forwards and downwards at least to the point of the shoulder over the back while keeping the same rhythm and impulsion. The Athlete must keep the reins without losing the contact and bring the horse back to the preceding elevation as soon as the stretching has been shown.

#### 12. Transitions

Changes of pace must always be made smoothly and promptly with the Horse remaining in balance and on the bit. A transition must be completed as the nose of the Horse arrives at the prescribed marker, unless otherwise stated.

#### 13. Change of Pace and Movement

Changes of pace and movement are made when the heads of the leaders reach the point indicated in the test.

#### 14. Terminology

The following must be considered when judging Driven Dressage movements:

- 14.1. Obedience and Lightness – willing response to aids without resistance and correctness of bend.
- 14.2. Regularity – the regularity, evenness and rhythm with which the Horse puts his feet to the ground.
- 14.3. Contact – the connection through the reins between the Athlete's hands and the Horse's mouth. It should be soft and steady at all times.
- 14.4. Impulsion – the willingness of the Horse to go forward energetically at all times and to respond quickly and evenly to changes of pace. The Horse must remain in balance while maintaining the same tempo with strides of equal size.
- 14.5. Straightness – carrying the head, neck and body in a straight line with the weight evenly divided among the legs. On curved lines the hindlegs need to follow the footprints of the fore feet (no escaping or swinging out).
- 14.6. Collection – roundness and engagement with good hock action, elevated poll allowing the shoulders to move with ease. The Horse's energy is contained in a more deliberate pace than the Working Trot.  
The haunches are more compressed, the croup is lowered and the forehead elevated to the same degree. The stride is shorter but more powerful than the Working Trot and the front legs will move from the shoulder with greater agility resulting in lightness and greater mobility throughout. The neck should be more arched. The shortening of the frame is not and never should be a result of pulling back but rather of asking and allowing the Horse to move forward into the Athlete's hand.
- 14.7. Accuracy – Correctness, roundness and correct size of figures and lines (including corners) as asked in the Test.

### Article 955 General Impression

#### 1. Principle

There are five boxes at the end of the Judges Score Sheets for marks on General Impression observed by the judges throughout the whole test.

#### 2. Paces

Regularity and freedom (if Four-in-Hand or Pair, maintenance of pace by all Horses). The quality of paces in each movement is marked under the appropriate movement. The mark for the general impression must reflect paces and transitions during the whole Test.

#### 3. Impulsion

Moving forward, engagement of the hind quarters (if Four-in-Hand or Pair, all Horses working). The level of impulsion may vary between movements and pace, but the mark for impulsion must reflect the performance of the Horses throughout the Test, in all trot and canter paces.

4. Obedience and Lightness  
Responsive to aids, willing and without resistance. Correctness of bend. Suppleness, acceptance of the Bit.
5. Athlete  
Use of aids, handling of reins and whip, position on the box, accuracy of figures. The mark must reflect the consistent level of accuracy and quality of transitions.
6. Presentation  
Dress of Athlete and Grooms, cleanliness, fitness, matching and condition of Horses, carriage and fitting and correctness of harness.

### Article 956 Scoring

1. Marks
  - 1.1. Marks out of 10 will be awarded for each numbered movement and for each heading under General Impression on the following basis:

10:Excellent	4.0: Insufficient
9.0: Very Good	3.0: Fairly Bad
8.0: Good	2.0: Bad
7.0: Fairly Good	1.0: Very Bad
6.0: Satisfactory	0: Not Executed
5.0: Sufficient	

- 1.2. Half marks ~~can~~may be awarded.

2. Error of Test  
If an Athlete attempts to perform a movement, or attempts to maintain the pace required, and fails to do so, but does not deviate from the track, the President of the Ground Jury may either treat it as an "Error of Course" (see paragraph 3 below), or he may decide to leave the Judges to give the movement an appropriate mark. If an Athlete makes no effort to perform a movement in a Test then it may either be treated as an Error of Test or as an Error of Course at the discretion of the President of the Jury.

3. Error of Course
  - 3.1. An "Error of Course" is when an Athlete deviates from the required track or when a movement is performed at the wrong pace, or omitted altogether.
  - 3.2. In the event of an Athlete making an Error of Course, the President of the Ground Jury will ring the bell and stop the Athlete. The Athlete must then resume the Test from the beginning of the movement where the error was made. If the Athlete is in any doubt, he may ask the President of the Ground Jury for guidance, without incurring any penalties.

4. Disconnected or Broken Harness  
If the reins, pole strap, chains or trace become disconnected or broken, or should the Horse get a leg over the pole, trace or shaft, the President of the Ground Jury must ring the bell and a Groom(s) must dismount and re-connect or repair as appropriate. The Athlete will be penalised for a Groom(s) dismounting.

5. Disobedience  
Any resistance in the forward movement, kicking or rearing is considered to be disobedience and will be penalised by the Judge at C, as follows:
  - 1st Incident.....5 penalties
  - 2nd Incident..... 10 penalties
  - 3rd Incident.....Elimination

6. Carriage overturn

A Carriage overturning is elimination

### Article 957 Summary of Driven Dressage Penalties

Athletes are liable to the following penalties:

Description	Ref. Article	Penalties
Part of the turnout leaving the arena during a movement		Mark down for inaccuracy
The whole turnout leaving the arena		Elimination
Athlete dismounting	943.2.10 & Annex 9	20 penalties
Entering the arena without a whip	928.4	10 penalties
Dropping or putting down a whip	928.4	10 penalties
No breeching if carriage has no brakes	937.1.1	Elimination
No breeching for Singles	940.1. <del>14</del> 15	Elimination
Use of bandages or brushing boots (Horse to be inspected after Test)	940. <del>1.2.1</del> 2	10 penalties
Contravening the Rules on Advertising	941	Yellow Warning Card
Person tied to the carriage	943.2.6	Elimination
If a Groom handles the reins, brake or uses the whip	943.2	20 penalties
Groom speaking or giving indications	945.2	Penalties (once)
Physical outside assistance	945.1	Elimination
Groom(s) dismounting	943.2.11 & Annex 9	5 penalties 10 penalties Elimination
First incident		
Second incident		
Third incident		
Early or late entry	952.1	Possible Elimination
Lame <del>horse</del> Horse	952.3	Disqualification of the Horse and elimination of the Athlete
Incomplete presentation (Athlete, Groom, Carriage)	928	5 penalties
Errors of course:	956.3	
First occasion		5 penalties
Second occasion		10 penalties
Third occasion		Elimination
Disobedience:	956.5	
First incident		5 penalties
Second incident		10 penalties
Third incident		Elimination
Carriage overturn	956.6	Elimination

**Article 958 Classification**

1. Total Marks
  - 1.1. The individual marks awarded by each Judge for each movement and for General Impression will be added together and divided by the number of Judges to obtain the average score.
  - 1.2. In order to adjust the influence of Driven Dressage on the whole Event, where the total possible marks for the Test are greater than 160, the average score will be multiplied by the coefficient printed on the score sheet to obtain the adjusted average score to be used in the results.
  - 1.3. Penalties are only awarded by the President of the Ground Jury at C. Any penalties will be deducted from the adjusted average score and the final total will be deducted from 160 to obtain the penalties for the Test.
  - 1.4. Scores will be calculated to two decimal places.
  - 1.5. The Athlete with the lowest score in penalties will be the winner of Driven Dressage.

## CHAPTER XII MARATHON

### Article 959 General

1. The objective of Marathon is to test the fitness, stamina and training of the Horses, and the driving skill, judgment of pace and general horsemanship of the Athlete.

### Article 960 The Course

1. General
  - 1.1. Maximum Distances and speeds must not be exceeded.
  - 1.2. The speeds may be reduced by the Technical Delegate and the President of Jury in the case of adverse weather or ground conditions.
  - 1.3. In CAI2\* and 3\* the Course must consist of two or three Sections. In CAIO4\* and above, the Course must consist of three Sections. The distance must be as close to maximum distance as possible for Championships.
  - 1.4. The actual distance and time allowed in the Transfer section to be confirmed by the Technical Delegate in conjunction with the President of the Ground Jury.
  - 1.5. The total distance in Section B should be approximately one (1) km per obstacle and preferably not less than 700\_m between two consecutive obstacles. The total distance in Section B must include the distances through the obstacles.
  - 1.6. The distances between the end of one Section and the start of the next must not be included in the total length and time of the course.

#### 2. Marathon sections:

##### 2.1 CAIO4\* and above (excluding Pony and Youth Championships)

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	8000 m	5000	free	15	14
Transfer	1500 m	800 m	free		
B	9000 m	6000 m	free	14	13

##### 2.2 CAI3\*

###### Option 1 - ~~Three~~ Three-sections Marathon:

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	8000 m	5000	free	15	14
Transfer	1500 m	800 m	free		
B	9000 m	6000 m	free	14	13

###### Option 2 - ~~Two~~ sections Marathon:

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	9000 m	6000	free	Max 13 Min 11	Max 12 Min 10
B	9000 m	6000 m	free	14	13

## 2.3 CAI2\*

Option 1 – ~~Three-Three~~-sections Marathon:

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	8000 m	5000	free	15	14
Transfer	1500 m	800 m	free		
B	7500 m	5000 m	free	14	13

Option 2 – ~~Two-Two~~-sections Marathon:

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	9000 m	5800	free	Max 13 Min 11	Max 12 Min 10
B	7500 m	5000 m	free	14	13

## 2.4 CAI1\* combined Marathon-Cones

A maximum of two Marathon-type obstacles and 8-12 cone-type obstacles. Only a time limit is allowed.

Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace
800 m	600 m	free

A combined Marathon-Cones competition is run as Fault Competition.  
For Penalties, please refer to the FEI Website in the Driving Rules section.

## 2.5 CAI-Ch (Children)

Option 1 – ~~Three-Three~~-sections Marathon

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour Pony
A <sup>1</sup>	5000m	3000 m	free	14
Transfer	1000m	800m		
B <sup>2</sup>	5000m	3500m	free	13

Option 2 – ~~Two-Two~~-sections Marathon

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour Pony
A <sup>1</sup>	6000m	3800 m	free	Max 12 Min 10
B <sup>2</sup>	5000m	3500m	free	13

<sup>1</sup>The section A can be organised in a closed area. In this case the Athlete must warm-up the pony for a minimum of 20 minutes under the supervision of a Steward.

<sup>1 2</sup>At least 1 km per Obstacle.

## 2.6 Para-Equestrian Driving – CPEAI

Option 1 – ~~Three-Three~~ Sections Marathon

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	6000m	3000 m	free	15	14
Transfer	1000m	800m			
B <sup>3</sup>	8000m	3500m	free	14	13

Option 2 - ~~Two-Two~~ Sections Marathon:

Section	Maximum Distance	Minimum Distance	Pace	Speed km/hour	
				Horse	Pony
A	7000 m	3800 m	free	Max 13 Min 11	Max 12 Min 10
B <sup>3</sup>	8000 m	3500 m	free	14	13

<sup>3</sup> At least 1km per Obstacle

3. A safety check of the turnout must be made before the start of Marathon and during the 10 minute hold at the end ~~of~~ the Transfer Section (Option 1) or Section A (Option 2). ~~Compulsory rests.~~
- 3.1. There must be a compulsory rest of not less than 10 minutes in the designated rest area prior to the start of Section B.
- 3.2. The area of the compulsory rest should, if possible, provide some shade and must be large enough to accommodate three turnouts at once and have room for additional motor vehicles.
- 3.3. Water must be provided at the rest area for the Horses.
- 3.4. A farrier must be available at the rest area. If the Athlete has to wait for the Farrier for any reason beyond his control, then the Athlete will be credited with that time.
- 3.5. In exceptional circumstances, the minimum time required for the Compulsory Rest may be increased by the President of the Jury in consultation with the Technical Delegate.
- 3.6. If a Horse is not accepted by the Veterinarian at the rest area after 10 minutes the Horse and Athlete will be Eliminated.
- 3.7. Turnouts may only stand or walk within the rest area.
4. Section and direction signs
  - 4.1. The beginning and end of each Section must be marked with a pair of Red and White flags.
  - 4.2. The entire Course must be clearly marked with yellow direction markers placed, wherever possible, on the right hand side of the track to be clearly visible to the approaching Athlete. A confirmation directional arrow must be placed after every significant turn.
  - 4.3. Sections A and B must have a marker at every kilometer. In Section B the measurement of the kilometers must include the distances through the obstacles.
  - 4.4. The marker for a kilometer occurring within an obstacle should be placed on the post supporting the red exit flag.
5. Compulsory turning flags
  - 5.1. Sufficient red and white compulsory turning flags must be positioned on the Course to ensure that all Athletes follow the designated track. Athletes must leave the red flags on their right and the white flags on their left. These compulsory turning flags must be numbered consecutively in each Section and they must be placed so they are clearly visible to Athletes from a reasonable distance.

- 5.2. The location and number of the Flags must be marked on the map of the Course to clearly indicate the correct route to be driven between the compulsory turning flags before and after each obstacle. In addition, a list showing the order for driving compulsory turning flags and obstacles must be provided for Athletes and Officials.
  - 5.3. Ground Observers must record the Athlete's track through the compulsory turning flags; If any compulsory turning flags are missed out or passed in the wrong sequence, the details must be reported to the member of the Ground Jury or Technical Delegate as soon as possible.
6. Paces
- 6.1. The finish of Section B must not be more than 300 m from the exit of the last Obstacle unless the Technical Delegate grants an exception. If the last obstacle is situated within 300\_m of the finish, the Athletes may stop within 30 m of the out gate of the obstacle to repair a broken or detached harness without penalty. A 30 m marker will be placed on the track to indicate this point if the last obstacle is within 300 m of the finish.
  - 6.2. Between last obstacle (or 300 m) and finish, pace must be trot or walk only. The Athlete will accumulate one penalty point for each ~~5~~-five seconds the turnout is not at the walk or trot.

### Article 961 Obstacles in Section B

1. Number of Obstacles
  - 1.1. The maximum number of Obstacles, natural or artificial, is eight (8) in CAI3\* and CAIO and seven (7) in CAI2\*. The minimum number is six (6) in CAI3\* and CAIO and the minimum is five (5) in CAI2\*.
  - 1.2. For Senior Championships there must be eight (8) obstacles.
  - 1.3. For Junior and Young Drivers Championships, the maximum number of obstacles is six (6).
  - 1.4. For Children, the maximum number of obstacles allowed is five (5) with four (4) gates each (A,B,C,D only).
  - 1.5. For Para-Equestrian Driving, the maximum number of obstacles is six (6).
2. Sketches of Obstacles
  - 2.1. Accurate sketches of each Obstacle, showing the location of the compulsory gates, Dislodgeable/Detachable Elements and Entry/Exit Flags must be made available to Athletes, team and Event Officials before the first inspection of the Course.
3. Design and Construction of Obstacles
  - 3.1. The number of each Obstacle must be clearly displayed on the post supporting the Red Entry Flag.
  - 3.2. The Entry and Exit of each Obstacle must be marked by Red and White Flags (red on the right and white on the left), not less than 20 m from the nearest lettered gate, unless the Technical Delegate grants an exception.
  - 3.3. The track through an Obstacle should not exceed 250\_m on the shortest, 2.5\_m drivable route. ~~That~~ is not narrower than 2.5\_m at any point, between the entry and exit flags. The track may exceed 250\_m in exceptional circumstances, at the discretion of the Technical Delegate.
  - 3.4. Obstacles must be at least 700\_m apart. The Technical Delegate may grant an exception.
  - 3.5. Obstacles must be clearly numbered in the sequence in which the Athletes are required to drive them.
  - 3.6. Obstacles must not include any feature, which might cause damage or injury to the Horses.
  - 3.7. Artificial obstacles should be solidly constructed and firmly fixed, so that they are unlikely to be moved or broken during the Competition.



- 3.8. If the Course Designer includes any element in an obstacle, which in the opinion of the President of the Jury and Technical Delegate could frighten the Horses, an alternative route must be provided, within the Obstacle.
  - 3.9. Where a constructed water crossing is included in an obstacle, the depth of the water must not be more than 30 cm. Where natural water is used the Technical Delegate may allow a maximum depth of 50 cm. The bed of any water crossing must be firm. Where water depth exceeds 50 cm a substantial fence, firmly fixed, must be constructed, to prevent Horses going into deep water.
  - 3.10. If a barrier for crowd restraint is required, by local regulations or the Organiser, it must not be positioned closer than 20 m from the nearest element in the obstacle, unless the Technical Delegate grants an exception.
4. Compulsory gates
    - 4.1. Obstacles include compulsory gates marked with red and white letters, which should be marked A up to F, indicating the sequence in which they must be driven.
    - 4.2. As an alternative option, a maximum of two letters can be used twice in the same obstacle.
    - 4.3. The height of a compulsory gate must not be less than 1.30 m.
    - 4.4. The minimum width of a compulsory gate is 2.50 m.
5. Dislodgeable/detachable elements
    - 5.1. The Course Designer may choose any type of dislodgeable/detachable element, with a preference for balls such as used in Cones.
    - 5.2. All dislodgeable/detachable elements may not interfere with, or cause injury to the Horse or damage to the carriages, when they are dislodged.
    - 5.3. The cups that hold the ball on a dislodgeable element should be a standard 45 - 55mm pipe to hold the balls from the cone driving ~~competition~~ Competition. The cups must be of sufficient depth so that the ball does not rest on the post.
    - 5.4. The number of dislodgeable/detachable elements must not exceed 24 in total. When mobile Elements are used, this number can be increased.
    - 5.5. Athletes will incur ~~2~~ two penalties for each element dislodged.
    - 5.6. A dislodgeable/detachable element is "live" at all times until it is dislodged or completely detached.
    - 5.7. An Athlete or Groom who attempts to prevent a dislodgeable/detachable element from being dislodged will incur 10 penalties.

## Article 962 Inspection of the Course

1. Visit of the Technical Delegate
  - 1.1. At least five (5) days before Marathon, the entire Course, including the obstacles, must be available for inspection and approval by the Technical Delegate.
2. Briefing for Athletes and Officials
  - 2.1. The Technical Delegate must arrange a briefing for members of the Ground Jury and the ~~chefs~~ Chefs d'équipe (Athletes at CAI Events) prior to the official opening of the Course.
  - 2.2. Ground Observers, obstacle observers and time keepers must be briefed by the Technical Delegate or his designated representative before the start of Marathon.
  - 2.3. Copies of maps of the entire Course must be available at the briefing, for those requiring them. The maps must show each Section, the location of all the Obstacles and numbered compulsory turning flags, kilometre markers, and any areas of the Course which are closed to motor vehicles.
  - 2.4. Drawings of the obstacles must be available for chefs d'équipe, Athletes and Officials during the briefing.
  - 2.5. A list showing the order for driving compulsory turning flags and obstacles must also be made available.

### 3. Inspection of the Course by Athletes.

- 3.1. At least 48 hours before the first Athlete is due to start Marathon, the whole Course must be open for inspection by the Athletes, except under exceptional circumstances, when Organisers have the option not to open Sections A and Transfer for inspection, with the agreement of the Technical Delegate.
- 3.2. The Technical Delegate may impose restrictions on the means of access to certain parts of the Course.
- 3.3. The course is closed for inspection from the time the first Athlete starts Section A. The Obstacles in Section B may be left open until the first Athlete starts Section B.
- 3.4. Athletes using motor vehicles must remain on the roads and tracks designated by the Technical Delegate.
- 3.5. The Obstacles may only be inspected on foot. No motor vehicles or bicycles may be taken inside any part of an obstacle. Failure to comply will be penalised by the issue of a Warning for the first infringement and a Yellow Warning Card for the second. Athletes with disabilities must obtain dispensation from the Organiser to be exempt from this Article and their vehicles clearly identified.
- 3.6. On allocated Championships venues, Athletes must not ride a Horse or drive any Horse drawn vehicle through the Obstacles in the 30 days prior to the Event in which they are competing.

## Article 963 Times

### 1. Timetable

- 1.1. A timetable showing the start of Section A and the time-table of each Section, including the compulsory rest, must be drawn up by the OC for the Ground Jury and Technical Delegate. It must be adjusted in the event of unforeseen circumstances and redistributed.
- 1.2. A timetable showing the starting time for each Athlete on Section A must be provided to the Athletes and the timekeeper at the start of Section A. Running order lists must be provided to all other timekeepers, ground observers and obstacle observers.

### 2. Times in Sections

- 2.1. The Time Allowed in all Sections is calculated according to the average speed selected for that Section.
- 2.2. The Minimum Time in Section A is two minutes less than the Time Allowed.
- 2.3. The Minimum Time for Section B is three minutes less than the Time Allowed.
- 2.4. The Time Limit for Section A and Transfer section is the Time Allowed plus 20%. The Time Limit for Section B is twice the Time Allowed.
- 2.5. An Athlete who exceeds the Time Limit in any section will be Eliminated.

### 3. Timing

- 3.1. Electronic timing equipment should be used for the timing of Athletes in each Section and the obstacles, whenever possible.
- 3.2. Time Keepers at the start and finish of each Section must record the start and finishing times for each Athlete on the Section Timer Record and enter the time on the Athlete's Marathon (Green) Time Card.

### 4. Start and finish

- 4.1. Athletes should be at the start of Section A at least 10 minutes before their published Start Time.
- 4.2. If an Athlete is not ready to start Section A at his scheduled time, the Timekeeper will start him at the earliest available time at his discretion, and record the actual starting time, which must be reported to the Technical Delegate and President of Jury, for onward transmission to the Scorer, at the earliest opportunity. The Athlete will be penalised 0-20.25 of a penalty per second of the time elapsed between his scheduled start time and the time he was ready to start, and he must not be

allowed to start less than ~~2~~two minutes before the next Athlete's starting time. For the avoidance of doubt, Athletes will not be penalised where the start of Section A is delayed for organisational reasons.

4.3. Athletes must start each Section from the halt, with the leading Horse behind the start line. The Timekeeper will count down to the Start time. If an Athlete starts before the Timekeeper gives him authorisation, he will be recalled, a new start time will be given and the Marathon Time Card will be amended. If the Athlete fails to stop~~7~~ when recalled, he may be Eliminated. A member of the Ground Jury must be made aware of the circumstances as soon as possible.

4.4. The timing of the section ends when the nose of the leading Horse has passed the finish line. Section penalties will apply until the whole turnout has passed the finish line.

#### 5. Time Penalties in the Sections

5.1. In all Sections, Athletes will be penalised ~~0.20.25~~ of a penalty per second for exceeding the Time Allowed.

5.2. Athletes completing Section A and B in less than the minimum time will be penalised ~~0.2-0.25~~ of a penalty point for each second they are early.

### Article 964 Penalties on the Marathon Course

#### 1. Whips

Whips, if carried, ~~can~~may only be used by the Athlete. Failure to comply will incur 20 penalties.

#### 2. Error of Course

If an Athlete fails to pass through a compulsory turning flag (CTF) in the designated sequence, he may return to the point of error and drive the CTF, provided he has not driven the following CTF or the next Obstacle. An Athlete who fails to pass through a CTF in the published sequence and direction will be Eliminated, (except multiple CTFs which are to be driven several times with different numbers).

#### 3. Deviation from the Course

3.1. Athletes must not deviate from the track for the last 300 ~~meters~~metres. Athletes who stop, circle, zig- zag or leave the track in any other way will incur 10 penalties for each occurrence.

3.2. Exception: See Article 960.~~86~~

#### 4. Incorrect pace

Should one or more Horses ~~brake~~break into a canter within the last 300 m before the finish and this is not corrected within five seconds~~7~~, the Athlete will incur ~~1~~one penalty for every occurrence. If the break continues, the Athlete will incur ~~1~~one penalty for every additional completed period of five seconds.

#### 5. Dismounting

5.1. Outside the obstacles in Section B, Grooms and Athletes are not allowed to dismount unless the Carriage is stationary. If the carriage is not stationary, either or both Groom(s) dismounting will incur ~~5~~five penalties~~7~~7. The Athlete dismounting will incur 20 penalties.

5.2. The Athlete and all Grooms must be on the carriage as it crosses the Start and Finish Line and passes through the compulsory turning flags in each Section. Failure to do so incurs ~~10~~5 penalty points for grooms and 20 penalty points for the Athlete on each occasion.

5.3. In exceptional circumstances, if warranted~~7~~ due to the condition of the terrain or weather, the Technical Delegate and the President of the Jury may permit Grooms in Competitions for Ponies and Single Horses to run behind their carriage on designated parts of the Course.

## 6. Stopping

- 6.1. Athletes may stop for repairs to carriages or harness or for any reason beyond the Athlete's control, anywhere on the course other than while negotiating an obstacle, without incurring penalties, other than loss of time, except as in 960.86.
- 6.2. Athletes will incur ~~1~~one penalty point for each commenced ten seconds that they remain stopped on the course in Sections B for any other reason.
- 6.3. If an obstacle is situated within 300m of the finish line, an Athlete is allowed to stop to carry out necessary repairs as long as he stops within the signed 30 metres after leaving the last Obstacle to make necessary repairs to the harness or carriage without penalty. Stopping for any other reason between the last obstacle or the 300 metres ~~reers~~ sign, whichever is closer to the finish line in Section B, will incur 10 penalties for each occurrence.

## 7. Damaged Carriage/Harness

- 7.1. At the finish of Section B any missing or disconnected trace, pole strap or reins will incur 10 penalties for each occurrence.
- 7.2. At the finish of Section B a broken or disconnected pole or shaft or bit will incur Elimination.
- 7.3. Carriages must pass the finish of Section B drawn by the number of Horses required for ~~its~~the designated class and on the designated number of wheels. Failure to comply will incur Elimination. Broken or missing tyres are acceptable.
- 7.4. If the carriage overturns (on the course or in an obstacle), the penalty is elimination. Elimination and the Athlete may not continue on the Marathon.

**Article 965 Obstacle Penalties**

## 1. Pace in Obstacles

- 1.1. Athletes may use any pace in the obstacles.

## 2. Error of Course in an Obstacle:

- 2.1. Athletes entering any part of an obstacle without first passing through the entry flags or failing to pass through the exit flags on leaving an obstacle without correcting the error will be Eliminated.
- 2.2. The compulsory gates in an obstacle are "free" after an Athlete has passed through them in the correct direction and in the correct sequence. Athletes may, therefore, go through them again in any direction at any time (for example; Athletes must go through A in the correct direction before going through B. A is now "free" and they may go through it again in any direction as often as they like, and so on).
- 2.3. Athletes who pass through a compulsory gate in the wrong sequence or direction before it becomes "free" and without correcting the error before passing through the exit flags, will be Eliminated.
- 2.4. In order to correct an Error of Course, the Athlete must return to and drive the compulsory gate he missed before continuing through the next compulsory gate in the correct sequence. ~~E~~(for example; -: an -An Athlete drives through compulsory gates A and B and then goes through D ~~;~~ (missing gate C). In order to correct this error of course, the Athlete must go back and drive through gate C before going on to gate D etc; all gates are neutralized until he reaches this gate. Each Error corrected shall incur 20 penalties.
- 2.5. Passing through the exit gate of an obstacle without driving all compulsory gates in the correct sequence will be penalised by Elimination.
- 2.6. An Athlete is not considered to have passed through a Compulsory Gate in an Obstacle until the complete turnout has passed between the Flags denoting the Compulsory Gate.

### 3. Dismounting

- 3.1. Each time either or both Grooms put both feet on the ground in an obstacle, the Athlete will incur ~~5-five~~ penalties.
- 3.2. Once Grooms have dismounted they are not required to get back ~~on~~to the carriage and need not follow the Athlete through any of the Compulsory Gates in the rest of the Obstacle. Grooms do not have to be on the Carriage when it leaves the obstacle. They ~~can-may~~ get on the carriage outside of the obstacle.
- 3.3. Each time an Athlete Dismounts in an obstacle he will incur 20 penalties. He must be on the Carriage when it leaves the obstacle.
- 3.4. In all incidents (for example trace or reins or lead bar over a part of the obstacle, etc) the grooms must dismount and solve the problem (no climbing over ~~horses~~Horses or pole). Failure to comply will incur ~~e~~ 20 penalties.
- 3.5. An Athlete or Groom may only put one foot on any part of an obstacle without incurring penalties. ~~e~~Contravention of this Article will result in ~~5-five~~ penalties.
- 3.6. A Groom may assist the Athlete by leading a Horse through the obstacle by the bridle end of the reins. The Athlete will incur 25 penalties in total. See Article 969 and 945.3.

### 4. Disconnecting

- 4.1. Deliberately disconnecting one or more Horses and leading them through any part of the obstacle will be penalized by Elimination.

### 5. Elimination in an Obstacle

- 5.1. The decision whether an Athlete is Eliminated in an obstacle rests entirely with the Ground Jury.

### 6. Welfare of the Horse

- 6.1. It is the responsibility of the Athlete to stop immediately and put a Groom or Grooms down whenever a Horse has its leg over a pole, shaft, when a wheeler has a leg over the lead bar or the leader's trace, or when a Horse is down and remains down. Also, he must stop when instructed to make necessary repairs by a member of the Ground Jury or obstacle observer. However a trace down or a pole strap disconnected needs no repair inside an obstacle. The time will continue to run.
- 6.2. Failure to stop and put the Groom down to correct the situation before leaving the obstacle will incur Elimination.
- 6.3. It is the responsibility of the Athlete to stop immediately and put a Groom or Grooms down whenever a Horse has a leg over a Trace. Also, he must stop when instructed to correct the situation by a member of the Ground Jury or obstacle observer. Failure to stop and put the Groom down to correct the situation before leaving the Obstacle will incur 30 penalties. The time will continue to run.

### 7. Timing

- 7.1. The Athlete will be timed from when the nose of the leading Horse passes between the entry flags until the nose of the leading Horse passes between the exit flags. Other obstacle penalties will continue to apply until the whole turnout has passed the exit flags.
- 7.2. Electronic timing equipment should be used to time Athletes through the obstacles if at all possible. At Championships, CAIO and CAI3\* it is compulsory.
- 7.3. The Time Limit for Athletes in obstacles is five minutes. If Athletes fail to complete the whole obstacle and pass the exit flags within the time limit, the obstacle observer is to blow two blasts on a whistle indicating to the Athlete that the time limit has been reached. The Athlete must then vacate the obstacle as quickly as possible, (with assistance if necessary) and may not continue in the Competition.
- 7.4. The time taken for ~~an~~ Athlete to complete an obstacle shall be recorded ~~to-one~~ hundredths of a second, either manually or electronically.
- 7.5. There is no rounding of time or conversion to penalty points for individual obstacles.

## 8. Hold Ups

- 8.1. If an Athlete arrives at an obstacle while the previous Athlete is still negotiating the obstacle, or if the obstacle is not ready to be driven, he is to be held at a point on the Course approximately 50\_m from the Entry Flags.
- 8.2. One of the Assistant obstacle Observers is to stop the Athlete at that point and start his stopwatch. As soon as the previous Athlete is clear of the obstacle and the obstacle observer approves a re-start, the Assistant obstacle observer will re-start the Athlete and inform him of the time he has been held. This should be recorded in whole or half minutes.

## 9. Obstacle video recording

- 9.1. Video recording at each Obstacle is recommended in all Events. Such video recording is compulsory at CAI World Cup™ Qualifiers, CAIOs and Championships.

## Article 966 Judges

### 1. Positions

- 1.1. One Member of the Ground Jury must be at the compulsory rest before Section B. The Judge should act on the advice of the Veterinary Delegate to decide whether the Horses are in a fit condition to continue the Competition. The Judge must also supervise the measuring of the carriages and correctness of the Harnessing. See Articles 937 & 940.
- 1.2. One member of the Ground Jury must be at the end of Section B to supervise the inspection of carriages, harness and marathon time cards and when applicable to supervise the weighing of the carriages. An Athlete whose carriage is below the minimum allowed weight will be Eliminated (See Article 969).
- 1.3. The rest of the Jury will be positioned by the President of the Ground Jury.

## Article 967 Officials

### 1. Ground observers

- 1.1. Ground observers should be allocated positions around the Course by the Technical Delegate from which they can observe the most critical compulsory turning flags.
- 1.2. Ground observers must be given the starting order of Athletes, together with copies of Instructions and the Ground Observers Report and a Control sheet.
- 1.3. Ground observers must report all incidents, for which an Athlete may be penalised, and any other information, to the President of the Ground Jury or Member of the Ground Jury periodically and at the end of their period of duty.
- 1.4. Ground observers cannot Eliminate or otherwise penalize Athletes. It is the responsibility of the Ground Jury to impose appropriate penalties.
- 1.5. After the Competition, Ground observers must remain in the vicinity of the Secretary's Office until dismissed by the President of the Ground Jury.

### 2. Timekeepers

- 2.1. Each timekeeper will be provided with a Chronometer with a "time of day" display and instructed in its use by the Technical Delegate or the Chief Time Keeper. The Technical Delegate or his Assistant is responsible for the synchronisation of the "time of day" on all Chronometers issued to Officials.
- 2.2. The timekeeper at the start of Section A<sub>7</sub> must be issued with the starting time schedule and must ensure that Athletes have been given a 'Marathon Time Card' (Green Card).
- 2.3. All other timekeepers at the start and finish of each Section must be provided with the complete list of Athletes and a running order.
- 2.4. Timekeepers are required to record the Start and Finish times for their respective Sections and to enter them on the Athlete's 'Marathon Time Card' and the 'Section Timer Record'.
- 2.5. Horses must start from the halt with the nose of the leading Horse behind the start Line.



- 2.6. The finishing time will be taken as the nose of the leading Horse crosses the finish Line, The section is finished as the rear axle has passed the Finish Line.
- 2.7. After the Competition, timekeepers must remain in the vicinity of the Secretary's Office until dismissed by the President of the Ground Jury.
3. Obstacle observers
  - 3.1. There must be one obstacle observer at each Obstacle. Each obstacle observer must have at least two assistants. The obstacle observer must be given a whistle and two stopwatches and instructed in their use by the Technical Delegate or his Assistant. They must record the exact time to ~~1/100th~~1/100th hundredths of a second taken by each Athlete through the obstacle.
  - 3.2. Obstacle observer must be given a starting order listing all Athletes together with sufficient copies of obstacle reports and diagrams to record each Athlete's time and the sequence of the gates through the obstacle as driven.
  - 3.3. In case of incorrect sequence, a drawing of the route must be recorded.
  - 3.4. Obstacle observers must record and report all incidents to a member of the Ground Jury, as soon as possible after the incident occurred.
  - 3.5. After the Competition, obstacle observers must remain in the vicinity of the Secretary's Office until dismissed by the President of the Ground Jury.

### Article 968 Classification

1. Conversion of time to penalties
  - 1.1. The total time taken by the Athlete in the obstacles will be recorded to ~~1/100th~~1/100th hundredths second, and penalties will be calculated to ~~2~~two decimal places. Any time over the Time Allowed in each of the Sections, will be multiplied by 0.2~~5~~5. Any time under the Minimum Time in Sections A and B will be multiplied by 0.2~~5~~5. There shall be no rounding of times. The penalties for under Minimum Time plus penalties for over time allowed and the total obstacle times shall be added to any other driving penalties received to determine the final score for each Athlete in Marathon.
  - 1.2. For Athletes who are Eliminated or Retire, see Article 911.
  - 1.3. The Athlete with the lowest number of penalties will be the winner of the Competition.
  - 1.4. In the event of an equality of penalties, the Athletes will be placed on equal rank.

### Article 969 Summary of Penalties in Marathon

1. Athletes are liable to the following penalties:

Definition	Ref. Article	Penalties
Athlete or Groom wearing shorts.	928.2	10 penalties per person
No Protective Headgear or no back or body protector on Marathon.	928.2	Elimination
Finishing Section B with less Horses than required.	931	Disqualification
No breeching with a carriage with no brakes.	937	Elimination
No breeching for Singles	940	Elimination
Contravening the rules on advertising.	941	Warning Yellow Card
Substitution of a Groom.	943.2	Elimination

Groom handling reins, <u>or using</u> whip <u>and or breaks brakes</u> when carriage not stationary.	943.1—& 943.2.5	20 penalties
Person tied to the carriage	943.2.6	Elimination
Outside physical Assistance.	945.2.2 945.2.2	Elimination
Groom leading a Horse through an obstacle.	945.3	25 penalties
Incorrect pace	960.6.2 & 964.4	1 penalty for every 5 sec.
Dislodging a dislodgeable Element	961.5.5	2 penalties per occurrence
Preventing a dislodgeable element from being dislodged	961.5.7	10 penalties
Motorised vehicles or bicycles in obstacles. First Incident Second Incident	962.3.5	Warning Yellow card
Carriages under weight at end of B or under width at start of B.	937 & 966.1	Elimination
Total time over Time Allowed in all Sections	963.5.1	0.25 penalties/ sec.
Total time under Minimum Time in Section A and B	963.5.2	0.25 penalties/ sec.
Total time in obstacles.	968.1.1963 963.2	0.25 penalties/ sec.
Athlete fails to stop when recalled	963.4.3	Elimination
Not ready to Start Section A.	963.4.2	0.25 penalties/ sec.
Contravening the rule on the use of the whip	964.1	20 penalties
Each deviation from Course after last obstacle.	964.3	10 penalties
Required persons not on carriage passing through a compulsory turning flag, or the start and finish of each Section, each occasion.	964.5	10 penalties
Grooms Dismounting while moving in Section B.	964.5	5 penalties
Athlete Dismounting while moving in Section B.	964.5	20 penalties
Finishing Section B with missing or disconnected Pole strap, trace or reins for each occurrence.	964.7	10 penalties



Failing to pass through compulsory turning flags and obstacles in correct sequence and direction	965.2	Elimination
Finishing Section B with missing wheel.	964.7	Elimination
Finishing Section B with broken or disconnected pole or shaft	964.7	Elimination
Failing to pass through entry flags of an Obstacle.	965.2	Elimination
Failing to pass through exit flags of an obstacle within 5 minutes.	965.7.3	Elimination
For correcting each error of Course in an obstacle.	965.2	20 penalties
Passing between exit flags before completing an Obstacle.	965.2	Elimination
Groom(s) dismounting in an obstacle, each occasion.	965.3	5 penalties
Athlete dismounting in an obstacle.	965.3	20 penalties
Two feet on an Element of obstacle.	965.3	5 penalties
Groom climbing over <del>horse</del> Horse back or down the pole in an obstacle	965.3	20 penalties
Disconnecting and leading through an Obstacle.	965.4	Elimination
Failing to stop for leg over pole, lead bar or shaft.	965.6	Elimination
Failing to stop for leg over trace.	965.6	30 penalties
Carriage overturn	964.7.4	Elimination
Exceeding the time limit in obstacles (5 mins)	965.7.3	Elimination
Horses unfit to continue in rest area	966.1	Elimination
Exceeding the Time Limit in all Sections	968.1.1	Elimination

## CHAPTER XIII CONES

### Article 970 General

1. The Cones ~~competition~~Competition is to test the fitness, obedience and suppleness of the Horses, and the skill and competence of the Athletes.

### Article 971 Competitions

1. The Fault Competition shall be used in Driving Events.
  - 1.1. The Fault Competition is conducted on the basis of penalties for obstacles knocked down and for exceeding the Time Allowed. The score from this round will always be used solely to decide the Final Classification in all Events.
  - 1.2. There may be a Drive—off between all Athletes with zero penalties, or equality of penalties, to determine the winner of Cones.
2. The Time Competition
  - 2.1. The Time Competition is conducted on the basis of the time in seconds taken by Athletes to complete the Course, with any penalties for faults converted to penalty seconds. Time Competitions are only to be used to determine the placings in Cones.
3. Competition in two Phases:
  - 3.1. The result of the first section may solely be used for the final results of the Combined Driving ~~E~~event.
4. Competition with a Winning Round:
  - 4.1. ~~A-This~~ Competition is run over one round according to penalties and time which will count for the final classification in the Driving Event, and a Winning Round to determine the placings in Cones.

### Article 972 The Course

1. Building and Measuring the Course
  - 1.1. The Course Designer is responsible, under the supervision of the Technical Delegate, for laying out, marking and measuring the Course, ~~— and —~~ building the obstacles. The President of the Ground Jury must ensure that the length of the Course was measured accurately.
  - 1.2. The Arena should be not less than 70\_m x 120\_m or an equivalent area. Should this not be possible the number of obstacles must be reduced accordingly, unless an exception is granted by the Technical Delegate.
  - 1.3. The starting and finishing lines may not be more than 40\_m nor less than 20\_m from the first and last obstacles respectively.
  - 1.4. The number of obstacles may not exceed 20 (except. 979.3) and for Children, the number may not exceed 15.
  - 1.5. The length of the Course must be between 500\_m and 800\_m, for Children it may be shorter.
  - 1.6. Courses must be laid out so that Athletes have a chance to maintain a reasonably fast pace throughout the major part of the Course. Certain obstacles, and combinations of obstacles such as open and closed multiples, will inevitably slow down the pace, but such a layout should be limited to a small proportion of the whole Course.
  - 1.7. All obstacles should be visible from the Judges' boxes.
  - 1.8. The President of the Ground Jury must walk the course to inspect it before the start of the Competition. The course is the track, ~~7~~ which the driving Athlete must follow when competing, ~~4~~ from passing the start in the correct direction up to the finish. The length must be measured accurately to the nearest metre taking account, particularly on the turns, the normal line to be followed by the Horse(s). This normal line must pass through the middle of the obstacles.

### Article 973 Obstacles

1. Cones
  - 1.1. The Cones forming an obstacle must be at least 30 cm high and made of indestructible plastic material. A weighted ball must be placed in the hollow on top of the Cone, so that it falls down only if the Cone is touched.

- 1.2. All obstacles consisting of a single pair of Cones will constitute a Single obstacle.
  - 1.3. The obstacle includes: Cones, red and white markers, numbers and letters.
  - 1.4. The position of one of the pair of Cones must be marked on the ground so that a constant position of the obstacle is maintained throughout the Competition. Where practicable a line will also be drawn to ensure that the other Cone is maintained at the correct angle.
  - 1.5. Obstacles that entail reining back are not permitted.
2. Multiple obstacles
- 2.1. Multiple obstacles must conform to the design principles. See Annexes.
  - 2.2. Variations or new designs must be pre-approved by the FEI Driving Committee and included in the Event Schedule.
  - 2.3. A Multiple obstacle may be constructed of markers or horizontal rails, elevated to a minimum of 40 cm and maximum of 60 cm in height.
  - 2.4. Each group of Cones or Elements must be clearly separated and associated with one of the sections of the Multiple.
  - 2.5. A Multiple obstacle, other than a "Serpentine", "Zig- Zag", a "Double Box", a "Double U" or a "Wave" must not consist of more than three pairs of Cones or Dislodgeable Elements.
  - 2.6. Other than Serpentes, Zig-Zags, Double Boxes, Waves and Double Us, a Multiple obstacle may not be longer than 30\_m measured along the centre line through the obstacle.
  - 2.7. There may not be more than ~~3~~three Multiple obstacles in any course.
  - 2.8. In Multiple obstacles Athletes can only incur a maximum of 6 penalties in a Double (A & B), 9 penalties in a Triple (A, B & C) and 12 penalties in a Serpentine, Zig-zag, Double Box, Wave or Double U (A, B, C & D), per attempt plus any penalties for a rebuild as well as penalties for Disobedience.
  - 2.9. Multiple obstacles may not be used in a Drive--Off. (See Article 977 – Drive-off and Article 981 – Summary of penalties).
3. Serpentes, Zig-Zags, Double Boxes and Double U and Wave
- 3.1. A Serpentine consists of ~~4~~four cones in a straight line facing in alternate directions lettered A, B, C, D. See Annexes.
  - 3.2. A Zig-zag consists of not more than ~~4~~four pairs of Cones, with alternate left and right Cones in a straight line (refer to the Website). All centre line Cones must be placed in a straight line, either at the front, middle or rear of the Cone.
  - 3.3. A Double Box, a Double U and a Wave are illustrated in the Annexes.
4. Water and bridges
- 4.1. Where Water obstacles and Bridge obstacles are included in the course, prior notification must be given in the Schedule for the Event.
  - 4.2. Water obstacles must be at least 3\_m wide, with a depth between 20 and 40 cm and sloping sides. There must be a pair of Cones at the Entrance (flag lettered A) and Exit (flag lettered B) with the Cones 2.0 m apart.
  - 4.3. Knocking down a ball or balls on either A or B will be penalised as ~~3~~three penalties for each pair of cones.
  - 4.4. Wooden bridges, or bridges of similar suitable construction approved by the Technical Delegate, with fan shaped wings at the entrance, with the bridge surface not more than 20 cm above the ground, with a usable width of three ~~meters~~metres, and a maximum length of ten ~~meters~~metres are permitted, ~~and~~ boarded or rail sides are essential. The Technical Delegate may grant exceptions if the Bridge is of a permanent solid construction with strong side rails. There must be a pair of Cones at the entrance (flag lettered A) and exit (flag lettered B) with the Cones at least 2.0m apart.
5. Markers
- 5.1. Each obstacle is defined by a pair of markers; a red marker on the right hand side and a white marker on the left hand side as Athletes approach the obstacle. They are placed not more than 15 cm outside the elements, ~~which~~ form the Single and Multiple obstacles.
  - 5.2. The entire turnout must pass between the markers. Failure is considered as Disobedience (see Art. 975.7.3 and 975.7.6).

- 5.3. Turning posts, decorations, and obstructions must be placed on the Course before the official course walk. No penalty is incurred if they are touched, displaced or knocked over.
- 5.4. All obstacles on the Course must be numbered in the sequence in which they are to be driven. The number of each obstacle must be indicated on a board placed at the Entrance to each Single and Multiple obstacle.
- 5.5. Each distinct section of a Closed multiple obstacle (Ls, Us and Boxes) must be clearly marked, in different colours (See Annexes). The entire turnout must pass between these markers in the correct alphabetical order.
- 5.6. The red and white markers and the numbered and lettered boards may be combined, so that the numbers and letters appear on the same posts as the red and white markers, or they may be on separate boards or discs. If possible the numbers of the obstacles should be placed so that Athletes can see them as they leave the previous obstacle.
6. Plan of the Course
- 6.1. At least one and a half hours before the start of the Competition for each class in the Event, a plan of the Course, signed off by the Course Designer and the President of the Ground Jury, must be given to the Athletes and be posted in the Collecting Ring showing the length, speed in metres per minute and the Time Allowed for that Class. Should the timing be adjusted by the Ground Jury, this will be announced by the Commentator.
7. Inspection of the Course
- 7.1. The Course must be open for inspection at least one and a half hours before the start of the Competition. Only Athletes, Chefs d'Equipe and Trainers are allowed to inspect the Course on foot and they must be correctly and smartly dressed. Athletes, ~~chef~~-Chef d'equipe and ~~T~~trainers are not permitted to use measuring wheels when inspecting the Course. At an Event, a warning will be issued for the first offence and a Yellow Warning Card from the President of Jury for subsequent offences.
- 7.2. Only the Course Designer and his staff may alter or work on any part of the Course. If any Athlete, or any person associated with him, alters the Course in any way, the Athlete will be Disqualified.

### Article 974 Cones Competition Summary

#### 1. Single Obstacles and Open Multiple obstacles

	Division	Speed	Cones Width	Serpen- tine	Zig-zag	Wave	Distance between obstacles (m)
	class	M/min	(cm)	(m)	(m)		
Horse	Four-In- Hand	240	190	10-12	11-13	10-12	15
	Pair	250	170	6-8	10-12	8-10	12
	Single Para-Equest.	250	160				
Pony	Four-In- Hand	240	165	8-10	9-11	8-10	12
	Pair	250	160 (Children: 20cm clearance)	6-8			
	Single	260					
	Children Para- Equest.	220	230				

- 1.1. Measurements for Closed Multiple obstacles, see Annexes.
- 1.2. Reduced Cones: The width of two single obstacles ~~can~~may be reduced by 5 cm. Such obstacles will be marked differently (color of cones).
- 1.3. Alternative options: A maximum of two (2) single obstacles may offer an alternative option (see Annex 7).
- 1.4. In ~~Exceptional~~exceptional circumstances and in the interests of safety, the Ground Jury in consultation with the Course Designer and the Technical Delegate, may reduce the speed.
- 1.5. Drive-offs and Winning-Round: the obstacle width may be reduced up to 10 cm at the discretion of the Ground Jury in conjunction with the Course Designer and the Technical Delegate.

## Article 975 Judging Cones Competition

### 1. Starting the Competition

- 1.1. The Technical Delegate will report to the President of the Ground Jury as soon as the course is ready. The President of the Ground Jury will then authorise the start of the Competition.
- 1.2. Once the Competition has started only the President of the Ground Jury in consultation with the Course Designer, and the Technical Delegate if present, may decide that a significant error has been committed in the measurement of the course. This may be done at the latest after the third Athlete, who has completed the course without a Disobedience or any other interruption, assuming that the three Athletes in question have started their course prior to the 45-second countdown elapsing, and before the next Athlete has started. In this case, the Ground Jury has the option to alter the time allowed. If the time allowed is increased, the Score of the Athletes who have driven the course before the time was altered will then be adjusted accordingly, if applicable. If the time allowed is decreased, this may only be done to the extent that no Athlete having previously completed his round receives time penalties due to the alteration of the time allowed.
- 1.3. Whenever the time allowed is increased, it may never exceed the time in reference to the maximum length of the Course.

### 2. Penalties

- 2.1. If Athletes have entered the arena but fail to start by passing through the start line within 45 seconds of the starting signal the timing will start.
- 2.2. If a Athlete fails to enter the arena when the Course is ready, the President of Jury will ring the bell to signify the start for that Athlete. If the Athlete has not entered the arena within 45 seconds of the first bell, the bell will be rung again and that Athlete is then Eliminated.
- 2.3. Athletes starting and passing through an obstacle before the starting signal will be penalised 10 penalty points and must restart.
- 2.4. The start and finish lines are neutralised for passing through, from the moment the Athlete has passed through the start line until he has passed through the last obstacle.
- 2.5. Knocking down one or both balls of a single obstacle and knocking down a ball or an element of a multiple obstacle incurs ~~3~~three penalties in each case.
- 2.6. Knocking down a ball or balls on either A or B on a Water or Bridge obstacle will incur ~~3~~three penalties for each pair of cones.
- 2.7. Grooms must remain seated in their proper places, between the start and finish lines. They are not allowed to indicate the Course or to speak unless they are dismounted. For Penalties, see Article 981.
- 2.8. After the last obstacle the Athlete must pass through the finish line with the red flag on the right and the white flag on the Left.
- 2.9. An Athlete may pass between the elements of an Open Multiple obstacle whilst driving between obstacles, without incurring a penalty. If, in this case, a part of the obstacle is knocked down see Article 981.

2.10. Carriage overturning is elimination.

### 3. Error of Course

- 3.1. An Athlete is considered to have passed through an obstacle when the whole turnout has passed between the markers.
- 3.2. If an Athlete attempts to pass through an obstacle in the wrong sequence or direction, the President of the Ground Jury must wait until after the turnout has passed completely through the wrong obstacle before ringing the bell. The Athlete is then Eliminated.
- 3.3. If an Athlete knocks down or dislodges any part of an obstacle, which has already been driven, he will incur ~~3~~-three penalties.
- 3.4. If any part of an obstacle in advance of the one being driven is dislodged or knocked down, the President of the Ground Jury will ring the bell and stop the clock for the obstacle to be re-built. The Athlete will incur ~~3~~-three penalties and 10 seconds will be added to ~~their~~-his time. The bell will be rung to indicate to the Athlete that the course is ready and the clock will re-start when the Athlete reaches the next obstacle on course to continue his round.
- 3.5. If the President of the Jury sounds the whistle/bell while the Athlete is on the Course, the Athlete must halt immediately. If the Athlete does not halt, the President of Jury will blow the whistle/ bell a second time. If the Athlete continues without stopping, he is Eliminated. The Groom may advise the Athlete that the whistle/ bell has sounded.
- 3.6. If the Jury is in doubt whether an obstacle has been properly driven, the Athlete must be allowed to finish the Course. The Jury can then reach a decision.

### 4. Obstacle Rebuild

- 4.1. If the Athlete knocks down any part of an Obstacle in the process of a disobedience or refusal, the bell will be rung and the clock stopped for the obstacle to be rebuilt, and ten seconds will be added to the Athlete's time, along with any penalties for Disobedience (but not for the elements knocked down at the time of Disobedience).
- 4.2. When the obstacle is rebuilt, the bell is rung again and the Athlete must then retake the complete obstacle and continue his round. The clock will re-start when the Athlete reaches the re-built obstacle. Penalty for starting before the bell is Elimination.
- 4.3. If an Athlete knocks down any part of a Multiple obstacle in advance of the element he is driving, or if he ~~brakes-breaks~~ out of the Multiple obstacle and knocks down an element, then the bell will be rung, the clock stopped while the obstacle is rebuilt, and 10 seconds added to the total time taken. He will be penalised for Disobedience but not for the elements knocked down at the time of Disobedience.

### 5. Broken Harness

- 5.1. If, at any time, after he has started, an Athlete as a disconnected pole, shaft, rein, trace, pole strap or chains, or should a Horse have a leg over the pole, trace, shaft, or leader bars the President of the Jury must ring the bell and stop the clock. The Athlete must put a Groom(s) down to correct the problem and will be penalised for a Groom dismounting. After the situation has been corrected and the Groom has remounted the President of the Jury will ring the bell and restart the clock.

### 6. Athletes and Grooms Dismounting.

- 6.1. Each time an Athlete dismounts he will incur 20 penalties.
- 6.2. Athletes will incur penalties each time one or both Grooms dismount. ~~5~~-Five penalties on the first occasion, 10 penalties on the second occasion. On the third occasion the Athlete is Eliminated.
- 6.3. The Grooms must be on the Carriage when going through each obstacle. For a Groom(s) dismounting to assist through an obstacle by leading the Horse by the bridle ends of the reins while the Horse is still attached to the Carriage see penalties for leading and dismounting in Article 981. The Groom(s) must join the Carriage before the next obstacle.

## 7. Disobedience

7.1. It is considered to be a Disobedience when:

- a) The Athlete attempts to pass through an obstacle and his Horse shies away from the obstacle at the last moment without hitting any part of the obstacle.
- b) The Horses run away, or, in the opinion of the President of the Jury, the Athlete has lost effective control.
- c) The whole turnout comes to a complete halt, with or without stepping back anywhere on the course, in front of or in an obstacle, or a Multiple obstacle, with or without knocking down any element.
- d) Not passing through an obstacle with the whole turnout, running out of a Multiple, circling within a Multiple or reining back by the Athlete between start- and finish line.

7.2. A Disobedience will incur ~~5-five~~ penalties for the first, 10 penalties for the second and Elimination for the third instance. Penalties for Disobedience are cumulative wherever they may occur on the Course.

7.3. If there is a Disobedience in a single obstacle, i.e. the whole turnout does not pass through the markers, the Athlete has to retake the obstacle. The bell will only be rung if part of the obstacle is knocked down (See Article 975.4).

7.4. If there is a Disobedience in a Multiple obstacle without knocking down any element the Athlete must continue his drive and is penalized for disobedience (see ~~above~~ above).

7.5. In the case when Disobedience is connected with knocking down an element (~~ie-For~~ example a Run-out at C and dislodging the ball) the Judge rings the bell, the course is interrupted, the time is stopped and the obstacle rebuilt. The President of the Ground Jury rings the bell again, the Athlete has to restart at the letter A of the Multiple obstacle and the time starts when the ~~horses~~Horse's nose passes gate A. For the re-building 10 seconds are added once.

7.6. If an Athlete has a Disobedience at any obstacle and knocks down any part of that obstacle he will only incur penalties for the Disobedience and 10 seconds will be added for the rebuilding.

## 8. Resistance

8.1. A Horse is considered to offer resistance if, at any time and for whatever reason it refuses to go forward (with or without moving back), turns around, rears. This will be penalised the same as Disobedience (see Article 975.7).

## 9. Timing

9.1. Each Athlete will be timed by stopwatch or by an electronic timing device, from the moment the nose of the leading Horse crosses the Start Line until the nose of the leading Horse crosses the finish line, but penalties are incurred until the whole turnout has passed the finish line.

9.2. Electronic timing must be used at Championships and CAIO's. Whenever possible a digital display unit should be visible for the Athletes.

9.3. Times must be recorded to ~~one~~one-hundredths of a second.

9.4. The Time Limit is twice the Time Allowed. Exceeding the Time Limit will incur Elimination.

9.5. The Time Allowed is calculated using the following speeds in ~~meters-metres~~ per minute (except for Time Competition, Article 978 and for Children and for Para-Equestrian Driving):

Class (Horses)	<del>First</del> Course	Class (Ponies)	<del>First</del> Course
Four-in-Hand	<del>230</del> <u>240</u>	Four-in-Hand	240
Pair	250	Pair	250
Single	250	Single	260

9.6. Penalty for exceeding the time allowed: any time over the time allowed in ~~1/100~~hundredths of a seconds, multiplied by 0.5. Penalties will be calculated to two decimal places.



**Article 976 Fault Competition**

1. Definition:
  - 1.1. The Fault Competitions is a ~~competition~~Competition run with penalties and a time allowed.
2. Classification:
  - 2.1. According to penalties and time. If allowed in the ~~S~~schedule, there may be a Drive-Off in case of equality of penalties for the first place.

**Article 977 Drive-Off**

1. Definition
  - 1.1. A Drive-Off can only be organized in a Fault Competition, ~~solely~~ to ~~solely~~ define the classification of Cones Competition.
2. Classification
  - 2.1. In the event of equality of penalties for first place, a drive-off as time ~~competition~~Competition may take place according to the provisions of the ~~S~~schedule, either over the same course or over a shortened course (maximum 50% shorter).
  - 2.2. The width between the cones may be reduced by up to a maximum of 10 cm. at the discretion of the President of the Jury in conjunction with the Technical Delegate and Course Designer.
  - 2.3. If no provision is made for a Drive-Off in the Schedule, the Athletes with equality of penalties for any place are placed in accordance with the time taken to complete the first round. In case of equality of penalties and time, the Athletes concerned will be given equal placing.
3. Multiple obstacles
  - 3.1. Multiple obstacles are not permitted in a Drive-Off.
4. Starting order
  - 4.1. The starting order for a Drive-Off will be the same as in the initial round.

**Article 978 Time Competition**

1. Definition
  - 1.1. In a Time Competition, all penalties (knock-downs, exceeding time, disobedience, etc...) are converted into penalty seconds.
2. Obstacles
  - 2.1. The Rules concerning the number, type and dimensions of obstacles and the length of the Course must be the same as for a Fault Competition.
3. ~~Pace~~Speed

Horses		Ponies	
Class	<del>1st</del> Course	Class	<del>1st</del> Course
Four-in-hand	<del>230</del> — <del>240</del> m/min	Four-in-Hand	240 m/min
Pair	250 m/min	Pair	250 m/min
Single	250 m/min	Single	260 m/min

4. Classification
  - 4.1. Classification will be decided by adding any penalty seconds to the time taken by the Athletes to complete the Course.



In the case of equality for first place, the result may be decided either by the lowest number of penalty seconds incurred, or by a Drive-Off, according to the provisions of the Schedule, either over the same course or over a shortened Course.

### Article 979 Competition in two phases

#### 1. Description

- 1.1. This Competition ~~comprises~~ is comprised of two phases run without interruption, each at an identical or different speed, the Finishing Line for the First Section being the Start Line for the Second Section.
- 1.2. A Competition in Two phases, run under the following Rules, may be used in all Cones Competitions.

#### 2. Competition Conditions

- 2.1. The first phase is run according to the Rules for a Fault Competition with a Time Allowed and the Second phase is run according to the Rules for a Time Competition.
- 2.2. Penalties for both phases are listed under Article 981.

#### 3. Obstacles

- 3.1. The first phase is a Course of 14 to 16 obstacles, with a maximum of two Multiple obstacles. The second phase takes place over 7 to 9 Obstacles (not to exceed 23 obstacles in total). Multiple obstacles may not be used in the second phase.
- 3.2. Width of obstacles: See Article 974.

#### 4. Penalties

- 4.1. Athletes incurring penalties in the first section ~~7~~ are halted by ringing the bell after they have passed the last obstacle or when the Time Allowed for the first phase has been exceeded after crossing the Finishing Line of the first phase. They must stop after crossing the first finishing line once the bell is rung.
- 4.2. Athletes not penalised in the first phase and not over the time allowed ~~7~~ continue the Course which finishes after crossing the second finishing line.
- 4.3. The second phase is run as a Time Competition.

#### 5. Classification

- 5.1. Athletes are placed as follows: Athletes who competed in the second phase ~~:-~~ Total time in the second phase to include added penalties converted into seconds ~~:-~~ :-
- 5.2. followed by the Athletes who competed in the first phase only: According to penalties and time in the first phase.
- 5.3. In the event of equality for first place, a Drive-off against the clock with six obstacles of the first and/or of the second phase may be held according to the conditions of the Schedule.
- 5.4. Athletes stopped after the first phase may only be placed after Athletes who have taken part in both phases.

### Article ~~979-980~~ Competition with a winning-round

#### 1. Description

- 1.1. This Competition consists of two parts with different valuations. The first part may be used for all Combined Competitions.

#### 2. Competition Conditions

- 2.1. The first part is run according to the Rules for a Fault Competition with a Time Allowed and the second part is run according to the rules of a Time Competition.

#### 3. Obstacles

- 3.1. The first part is a normal Course as laid down in the Rules.
- 3.2. The second part may be shorter but not by more than 50% shorter.

- 3.3. The Course for the second part (Winning Round) may be built at another time (or day) and another place and may be of a complete new design.
- 3.4. The Winning Round is not considered to be a Drive Off.
4. Athletes
- 4.1. The number of the Athletes competing in the Winning Round is laid down in the ~~S~~schedule.
- 4.2. The starting order in the Winning Round is the same as in the initial round.
5. Penalties
- 5.1. Option 1: ~~The~~ Athletes carry their penalties of the initial round as penalty seconds forward to the Winning Round.
- 5.2. Option 2: ~~the~~ The Athletes start the Winning Round from scratch.
6. Classification
- 6.1. Option 1: ~~The~~ Athletes are placed according to their Total Time ~~;~~ This is the driven time plus penalty seconds for knocking downs etc and exceeding time in the Winning Round. Actual penalties from the initial round converted into penalty seconds will be added afterwards to the result of the Winning Round and all together form the Total Time.
- 6.2. Option 2: ~~The~~ Athletes are placed according to their driven time plus plus penalty seconds for knock~~ing~~ downs etc and exceeding time in the Winning Round.
- 6.3. In case of tie, equal placings are awarded.

#### Article 981 Summary of Penalties in Cones

1. Athletes are liable ~~to~~ for the following penalties:

Description	Ref. Art.	Fault Competition	Time Competition
Athlete entering arena without hat, jacket, gloves or apron.	928	5 penalties	5 seconds
Groom entering arena without jacket, hat or gloves.	928	5 penalties	5 seconds
Driving without a whip in the arena	928.4.2	10 penalties	10 seconds
Dropping or putting down the whip.	928.4.3	10 penalties	10 seconds
No breeching with a carriage with no brakes.	937.1.1	Elimination	Elimination
No breeching in Singles	940.1. <del>15</del> <u>14</u>	Elimination	Elimination
If a Groom handles the reins, brake or uses the whip before the Athlete has crossed the finish line.	943.2.5	20 penalties	20 seconds
Person tied to the carriage	943.2.6	Elimination	Elimination
If a Groom speaks to or indicates the course to the Athlete in any way.	975.2	10 penalties	10 seconds
Illegal outside assistance.	945.2	Elimination	Elimination

Failing to start within 45 seconds of bell ring.	975.1-2	Timing starts	Timing starts
Starting and passing through an obstacle before the bell is rung.	975.2	10 penalties and restart.	10 seconds and restart
Failing to pass through start or finish lines.	975.2	Elimination	Elimination
For knocking down one or two balls in the same single obstacle.	975.2	3 penalties	3 seconds
For knocking down an element of a Multiple obstacle.	975.2	3 penalties	3 seconds
For knocking down any part of an obstacle after it has already been driven.	975.3.3	3 penalties	3 seconds
Carriage overturn	975.2	Elimination	Elimination
If any part of an obstacle in advance of the one being driven is knocked down, the bell will be rung for the obstacle to be rebuilt.	975.3.4	3 penalties and add 10 seconds	3 seconds and add 10 seconds
Taking an obstacle out of sequence.	975.3.2	Elimination	Elimination
Failure to halt after the bell is rung a second time.	975.3.5	Elimination	Elimination
For causing an obstacle, or part of a multiple to be rebuilt.	975.4.1	3 penalties and add 10 seconds	3 seconds and add 10 seconds
Starting before the bell after an obstacle is rebuilt.	975.4.2	Elimination	Elimination
Athlete dismounting	975.6.1	20 penalties	20 seconds
Groom(s) dismounting. First incident Second incident Third incident	975.6	5 penalties 10 penalties Elimination	5 seconds 10 seconds Elimination
Groom leading a Horse through an obstacle.	975.6.3	25 penalties	25 seconds
Disobedience: First incident Second incident Third incident	975.7	5 penalties 10 penalties Elimination	Elimination
For exceeding the Time Allowed.	975.9.6	Exceeded time multiplied by 0.5	Exceeded time multiplied by 0.5
Exceeding the Time Limit.	975.9.34	Elimination	Elimination

## CHAPTER XIV OFFICIALS

### Article 982 Expenses

1. The OC is responsible for the travel, meals and accommodations expenses for the Ground Jury, the Appeal Committee, the Veterinary Commission or FEI Veterinary Delegate, the Technical Delegate, the FEI Chief Driving Steward and the Course Designer (see Article 131 GRs).
2. A per diem allowance must be offered to the FEI Officials mentioned in Art. 982.1 at Events (recommended minimum amount one hundred (100) Euros per day). For the FEI Veterinary Commission/Delegate, see FEI Veterinary Regulations.

### Article 983 Transportation during the Event

1. If the situation necessitates, the OC must provide transportation for the President and Members of the Ground Jury, Appeal Committee, Veterinary Commission, Technical Delegate, and Course Designer.

### Article 984 Conflict of Interest

1. FEI Officials may not officiate at FEI Events and also compete in FEI Events in the same classes on the same continent within the same calendar year.
2. No person may be an official at an event if his duties will involve a conflict of interest.
3. The following persons may not be members of a Ground Jury or an Appeal Committee or Officials at an Event.
4. Athletes and Owners of Horses taking part in the Event:
  - 4.1. Chefs d'équipe, team Officials, regular trainers, employers and employees of Athletes.  
Note: regular trainers means training a Horse/ Athlete for more than three days in the six month period before an Event, or any training during a period of three months before an Event.
  - 4.2. Close relatives of Owners, Athletes, ~~chefs~~-Chefs d'équipe or team Officials.
  - 4.3. Persons having a financial or personal interest in a Horse or Athlete taking part in a Competition.

### Article 985 Star rating of the FEI Driving Officials:

- FEI Level 4 – formerly FEI Official International
- FEI Level 3 – formerly FEI International
- FEI Level 2 – formerly FEI Candidate

### Article 986 Judges

1. All International Events must have at least three but not more than five Judges for each class. Collectively, the Judges form the Ground Jury for the Event.

**Article 987 Composition of the Ground Jury**

## 1. 1 Ground Jury - Minimum requirements

Category	Judges	President Of Jury	Foreign Judge	Ground Jury
Championships (appointed by FEI)	5	Level 4	Level 4	One level 4 and Two level 3 or above
CAIO	5	Level 4	Level 3 or above (approved by the FEI)	One level 4 and Two level 3 or above
CAI 3*	5	Level 3 or above	Level 3 or above	One level 3 and Two level 2 or above
CAI 2*	Min 3 <sup>1</sup>	Level 3 or above	Level 2 or above	One Senior Level National or above
CAI 1*	Min 2	Level 2 or above	N/A	One Senior Level National or above

<sup>1</sup> If the Ground Jury is composed of 4 or 5 Judges, at least 3 of them have to be FEI Judges.

- 1.1. ~~Juries~~ ~~the Groud Jury are~~ appointed by the OC ~~7.1~~, except for Championships when the FEI appoint the ~~Jury~~ Ground Jury.
- 1.2. Senior Level National Judges are defined as ones with at least ~~5~~ ~~five~~ years ~~of~~ experience.
- 1.3. In CAI1\*, a Judge with Technical Delegate qualification may in addition assume the duties of a TD at a same Event (See article ~~988-987~~ for minimum qualification of the Technical Delegate).
- 1.4. A Reserve Judge will be appointed for World Championships by the FEI. He will have the same authority as the Members of the Ground Jury, and will be accorded the same rights and privileges. However, he will not participate in handling objections and protests.

## 2. Para-Equestrian Driving

- 2.1. On the Ground Jury, one member must have Para-Equestrian Driving Judging qualification.

## 3. The Duties of the Ground Jury

- 3.1. The Duties and Responsibilities of the Ground Jury are laid down in the General Regulations.
- 3.2. Each Member of the Ground Jury has the right and the duty to Eliminate or Disqualify any Horse which, in his opinion, is lame or unable to continue the Competition in accordance with Article 903.
- 3.3. The President of the Ground Jury is responsible for the conduct and control of the entire Event, in conjunction with the Technical Delegate.
- 3.4. The President of the Ground Jury will have overall control of the Duties and Responsibilities of the Ground Jury throughout the Event.

- 3.5. All the members of the Ground Jury will judge Driven Dressage. In principle the Ground Jury should not judge more than 45 Driven Dressage Tests in a day; however this number may be increased in exceptional circumstances, at the sole discretion of the President of the Ground Jury.
- 3.6. The President of the Ground Jury is responsible for the control and publication of the results of the Competitions and of the Event.

**Article 988 Technical Delegate****1. Appointment**

- 1.1. The Technical Delegate must be selected as per the level hereafter:

Category	Technical Delegate
Championships (appointed by the FEI)	Level 4 (has to be Foreign)
CAIO	Level 3 or above (has to be Foreign)
CAI 3*	Level 3 or above
CAI 2*	Level 2 or above
CAI 1*	Senior Level National

**2. Selection**

- 2.1. For Championships, the FEI Driving Committee will appoint a Foreign Technical Delegate selected from the List of Level 4 Technical Delegates.
- 2.2. For CAIO Events the Technical Delegate must be foreign.

**3. Duties and Responsibilities**

- 3.1. At Championships and CAIO Events the Technical Delegate will be required to approve all administrative arrangements from the time he is appointed until the end of the Event.
- 3.2. To satisfy himself that the accommodation and catering arrangements for Horses, Athletes and Grooms, and training and exercise areas, are adequate and suitable in all respects.
- 3.3. Inspection of the Arenas and Courses to ensure that the technical facilities, requirements and organisation are in accordance with the FEI Driving Rules and associated Regulations.
- 3.4. To ensure that the Courses and obstacles are fair and safe and that knowledge of local conditions does not give an advantage to Athletes from the Host Nation.
- 3.5. To instruct the OC and Course Designer to make any alterations which he considers necessary.
- 3.6. To ensure that timekeepers, ground observers, obstacle Judges and scorers are correctly instructed in their duties, including the use and reading of chronometers and stop-watches.
- 3.7. To report to the President of the Ground Jury that the relevant Course is ready for the start of the Competition.
- 3.8. To continue to supervise the technical conduct of the Event, including the transfer of data to the Scorers, after the President of the Ground Jury has assumed control of the Event.

**4. Conflict of Interest**

- 4.1. see-See Article 158 GRs and Art. 984 of these Driving Rules.

**Article 989 Course Designers****1. Appointment**

- 1.1. At World Championship Events a Course Designer from the list of FEI Official International Course Designers is appointed by the OC and the Host Federation after prior approval by the FEI Driving Committee. (See GRs Article ~~151~~ 155 ).
- 1.2. The Course Designer must be selected as per the level hereafter:

Category	Course Designer
Championships (appointed by the <del>FEIOC</del> , <u>approved by the FEI</u> )	Level 4
CAIO	Level 4
CAI 3*	Level 3 or above
CAI 2*	Level 2 or above
CAI 1*	Level 2 or above

**2. Selection**

- 2.1. At Championships, the Course Designer must be selected from the list of Level 4 Course Designers.
- 2.2. The Course Designer may be the same person for each Competition or there may be a different Course Designer for each Competition.
- 2.3. The name or names of the Course Designer(s) must be published in the Schedule for the Event.
- 2.4. Only the Course Designer and his staff may alter or work on any part of the Driven Dressage Arena, the Marathon and Cones Course. Any Athlete, or persons associated with a Athlete, who tamper with any part of the Arena or Courses will result in the Disqualification of that Athlete.

**3. Duties**

- 3.1. The Course Designer is responsible, under the supervision of the Technical Delegate, for:
  - a) Laying out and measuring the arena for Driven Dressage.
  - b) Laying out and measuring the Course and for the construction of the obstacles in Marathon.
  - c) Designing, laying out and measuring the Cones Course.
- 3.2. The President of the Ground Jury may only order the Competition to start when the Technical Delegate has reported that the relevant Course is ready.

**4. Conflict of Interest**

- 4.1. ~~see-See~~ Article 158 GRs and Art. 984 of these Driving Rules.



**Article 990 Chief Steward**

## 1. Appointment

- 1.1. At all Championships the FEI will appoint a Chief Steward for Driving, selected from those on the list of FEI Stewards who have not been resident, in the country in which the Championship is to be held.
- 1.2. At all other International Events the OC must appoint a FEI Chief Steward, selected from the List of FEI Stewards.
- 1.3. The Chief Steward must be selected as per the level hereafter:

Category	Chief Steward
Championships (appointed by the FEI)	Level 3
CAIO	Level 3
CAI 3*	Level 2 or above
CAI 2*	Level 2 or above
CAI 1*	Level 2 or above

## 2. Duties

2.1. Driving Stewards are responsible for:

- a) Checking and measuring all the carriages after Driven Dressage and Cones-. At the start of Section B in Marathon, and if necessary at the end of section B.
- b) Checking the bit of every Horse after Driven Dressage and Cones, and before and after Marathon. Unacceptable bits must be reported to the President of Jury.
- c) Checking that Athletes comply with the Rules pertaining to Advertising.
- d) Reporting to the President of the Ground Jury any contravention of the Rules pertaining to Carriages, lamps, tyres, harness, bits or Advertising.
- e) Other duties as specified in the General Regulations.

2.2. ~~Stewards or any other Official must report to the President of the Ground Jury as soon as possible any incident of cruelty~~Stewards, or any other Official, must report any incident of cruelty to the President of the Ground Jury as soon as possible.

2.3. The Chief Driving Steward must be clearly identifiable throughout the whole Event.

## 3. Conflict of Interest

3.1. ~~see-See~~ Article 158 GRs and Art. 984 of these Driving Rules.

**Article 991 Appeal Committee**

## 1. Composition

- 1.1. An Appeal Committee consisting of a President and at least two other members must be appointed for all Championships and CAIOs. For CAI3\* events the Appeal Committee may, at the discretion of the Organiser, only consist of the President. For CAI1\* and CAI2\* Events, the appointment of an Appeal Committee is optional. The above should be in accordance with General Regulations.
- 1.2. At Championship and CAIO events the President or one member must be foreign.

- 1.3. The Veterinary Delegate must be in attendance in an advisory capacity for all cases involving veterinary matters including alleged cruelty to the Horse.
2. Appointment
  - 2.1. World Championships at the World Equestrian Games. The Bureau of the FEI will appoint the President and members of the Appeal Committee. At all other World Championships, the FEI Driving Committee will appoint the President. The OC will appoint the other members.
  - 2.2. All other Championships and International Events. The OC will appoint the members with the approval of the NF.
3. Qualifications
  - 3.1. The President and the Members of the Appeal Committee must be technically qualified and must be chosen in accordance with the General Regulations, from among the following:
  - 3.2. Members of the FEI Driving Committee~~;~~
  - 3.3. Persons on any of the FEI Lists of Officials, active or retired Judges, Chief Stewards, Technical Delegates, Course Designers and Event Veterinarians.
  - 3.4. Senior Level National Judges~~;~~
  - 3.5. For Championships and CAIO events, at least one member must be or have been an accredited FEI Judge~~;~~
  - 3.6. For CAI Events, names on the list of current or retired Senior Level National Judges
  - 3.7. Senior Officers of the NF of the host nation.
4. Meetings
  - 4.1. Appeals must be heard by all the ~~Members~~members sitting together. The President will decide the time and place of the ~~Meeting~~meeting.
  - 4.2. The Appeal Committee must hear both sides of the case in appeals against decisions by individual Judges and Officials, and in cases referred to it by the Ground Jury in accordance with GRs, Article 160 and 165.
5. Decisions
  - 5.1. The decisions of the Appeal Committee are final, except in cases where monetary penalties have been awarded.
6. Conflict of Interest
  - 6.1. ~~see~~See Article 158 GRs and Art. 984 of these Driving Rules.

**Article 992 Veterinary Delegate and Veterinary Commission**

1. Championship and CAIO
  - 1.1. The composition of the Veterinary Commission, which is compulsory for Championships and CAIO Events, and the appointment of its President and Members must be in accordance with the current VRs Art 1022.
2. CAIs
  - 2.1. The OC must appoint a Veterinary Delegate selected from the List of Event Veterinarians in accordance with the VRs.

**Article 993 Veterinary Services Manager /Treating Veterinarian**

1. At CAI's a Veterinary Services Manager/Treating Veterinarian appointed by the OC must be available to the Jury, under arrangements approved by the President of Jury.
2. At Championships and CAIO's they must always be available.

**Article 994 Para-Equestrian Driving Classifiers**

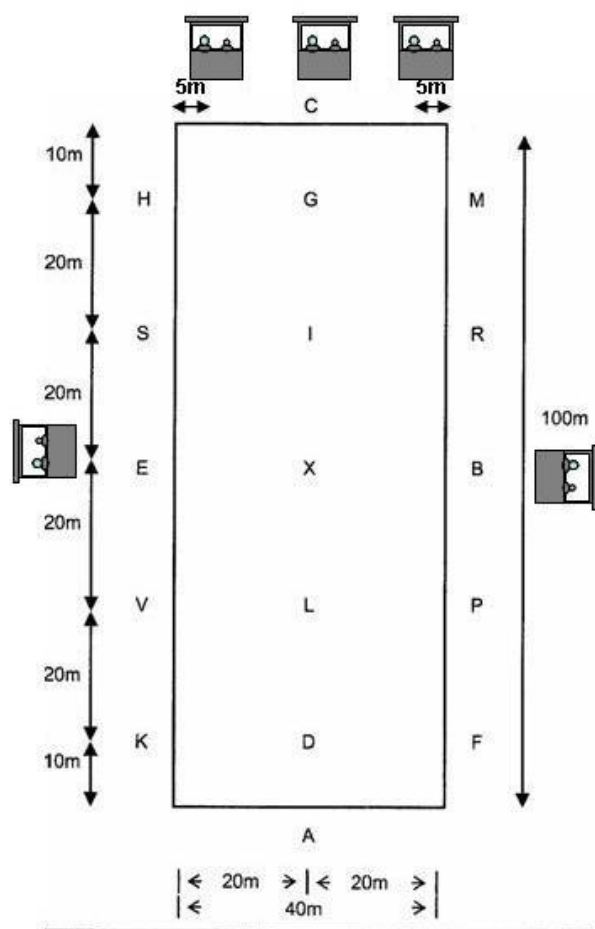
1. Championships
  - 1.1. At least two international FEI Status Classifiers from different nations shall be appointed by FEI.
2. CPEAIs
  - 2.1. For International ~~competitions~~Competitions the OC, in consultation with FEI, shall appoint at least two classifiers of different nationalities, with one of these classifiers being of international FEI status.

**Article 995 Rotation of Officials**

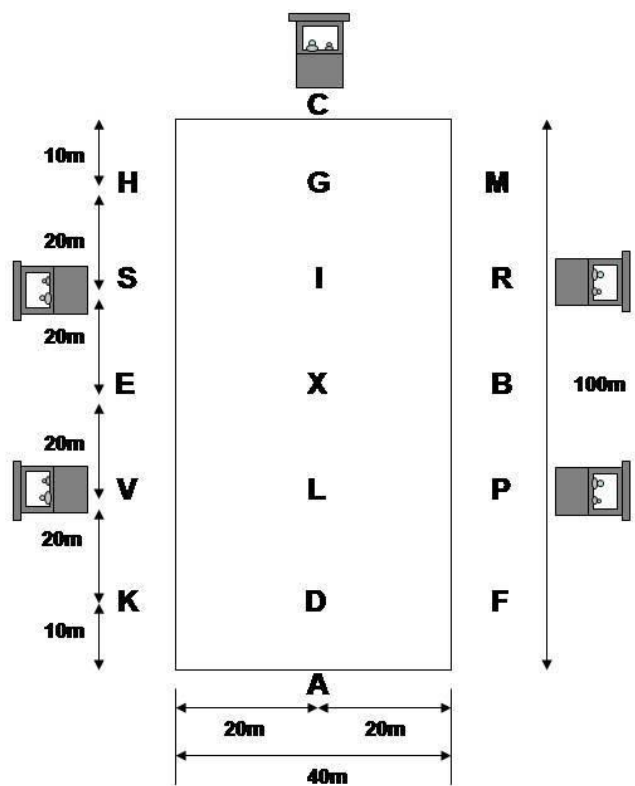
1. Rotation of Officials: a FJ/TD/CD may not have been the FJ/TD/CD at the same Event for more than three consecutive years without taking at least one year break.

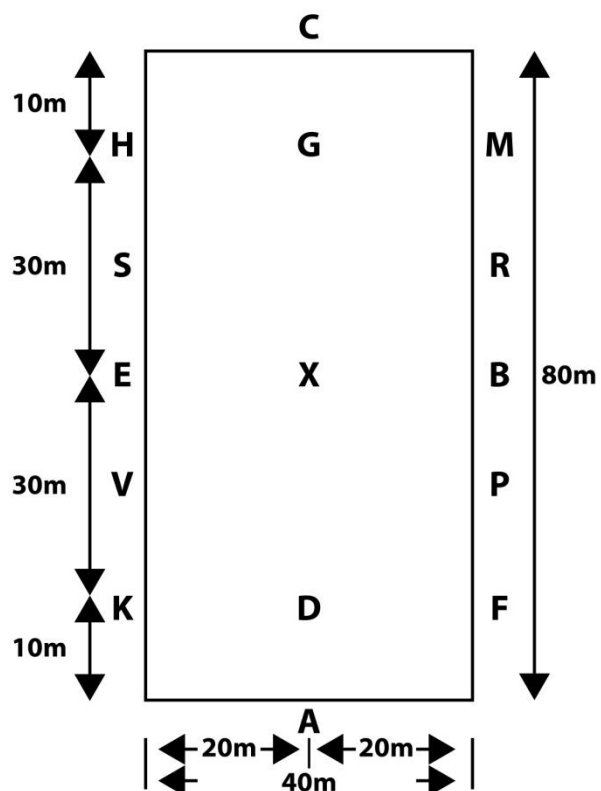
**ANNEX 1 Diagram of the Driven Dressage arena for Test 8a and 11**

(Test 11: ref. Art. 953.1)



ANNEX 2 Diagram of the Driven Dressage arena



**ANNEX 3 Diagram of the small Driven Dressage arena**

## ANNEX 4 Cones: Closed multiple obstacles

(Elements must be separated 20 cm – 40 cm )

### 1. Single "L"

Construction:

**Sports Supports** – 40 cm to 60 cm from ground to top of rail

Elements – must be free standing; parallel or perpendicular

Single or sectioned rails; separated by 20 cm-40 cm

Spacing Markers – a pair of red and white markers, set within 15 cm

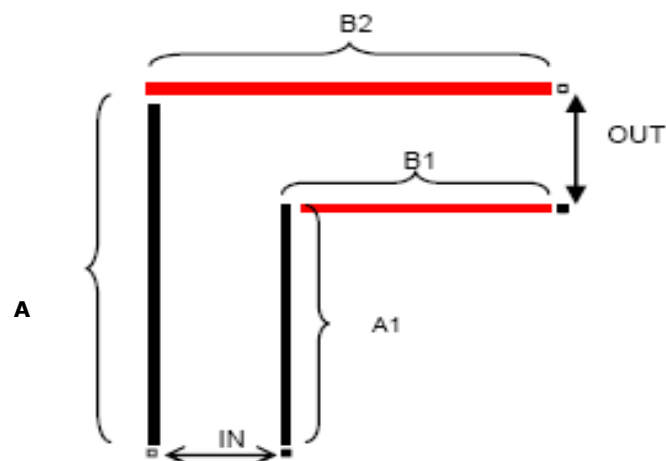
Element. < A > at the IN gate and <<B>> at the OUT gate

Horse: (minimum measurements)

	IN	A1	A2	B1	B2	OUT
Singles	3	8	11	8	11	3
Pairs	3	8	11	8	11	3
Four in Hand	4	8	12	8	12	4

Pony: (minimum measurements)

	IN	A1	A2	B1	B2	OUT
Singles	3	8	11	8	11	3
Pairs	3	8	11	8	11	3
Four in Hand	3	8	11	8	11	3



## 2. Double "L"

## Construction:

Supports – 40 cm to 60 cm from ground to top of rail

Elements – must be free standing; parallel or perpendicular

Single or sectioned rails; separated by 20 cm-40 cm

Spacing Markers – indicating each section as follows:  
within 15 cm of IN.

B – coloured or wrapped rails or markers on the ground.

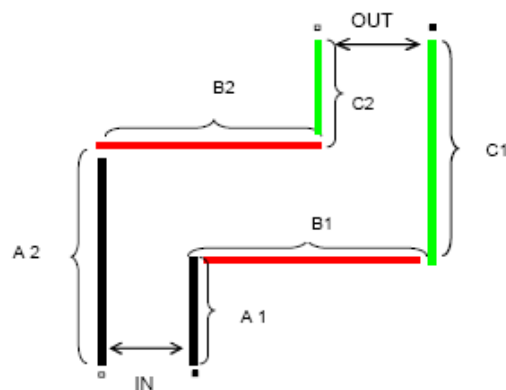
C – within 15 cm of OUT..

Horse: (minimum measurements)

	IN	AI	A2	B	B1	B2	C	C1	C2	OUT
Singles	3	5	9	4	10	9	4	9	5	4
Pairs	3	5	9	4	10	9	4	9	5	4
Four in Hand	4	5	10	5	10	9	5	10	5	5

Pony: (minimum measurements)

	IN	AI	A2	B	B1	B2	C	C1	C2	OUT
Singles	3	5	9	4	9	9	4	9	5	4
Pairs	3	5	9	4	9	9	4	9	5	4
Four in Hand	3	5	9	4	9	9	4	9	5	4





## 3. Single "U"

## Construction:

Supports – 40 cm to 60 cm from ground to top of rail

Elements – must be free standing; parallel or perpendicular

Single or sectioned rails; separated by 20 cm-40 cm

Spacing Markers – indicating each section as follows:

A – within 15 cm of IN.

B – coloured or wrapped rails or markers on the ground.

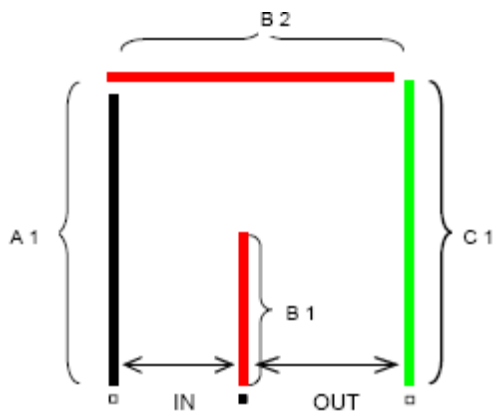
C – outside but within 15 cm of C.

Horse: (minimum measurements)

	IN	A1	B	B1	B2	C1	OUT
Singles	3	9	4	5	7	9	4
Pairs	3	9	4	5	7	9	4
Four in Hand	4	9	5	5	9	10	5

Pony: (minimum measurements)

	IN	A1	B	B1	B2	C1	OUT
Singles	2	8	3	5	5	8	3
Pairs	3	9	4	5	7	9	4
Four in Hand	3	9	4	5	7	9	4



## 4. Double "U"

## Construction:

Supports – 40 cm to 60 cm from ground to top of rail

Elements – must be free standing; parallel or perpendicular

Single or sectioned rails; separated by 20 cm-40 cm

Spacing Markers – indicating each section as follows:  
within 15 cm of IN.

B, C – coloured or wrapped rails or markers on the ground.

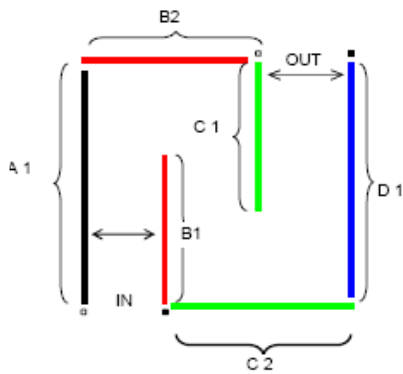
D – within 15 cm of OUT.

Horse: (minimum measurements)

	IN	AI	B	B1	B2	C	C1	C2	D1	OUT
Singles	3	12	4	8	7	4	8	8	12	4
Pairs	3	12	4	8	7	4	8	8	12	4
Four in Hand	4	13	5	8	9	5	8	10	13	5

Pony: (minimum measurements)

	IN	AI	B	B1	B2	C	C1	C2	D1	OUT
Singles	2	9	3	6	5	3	6	6	9	3
Pairs	3	12	4	8	7	4	8	8	12	4
Four in Hand	3	12	4	8	7	4	8	8	12	4



## 5. Box

## Construction:

Supports – 40 cm to 60 cm from ground to top of rail

Elements – must be free standing; parallel or perpendicular

Single or sectioned rails; separated by 20 cm-40 cm

Spacing Markers – indicating each section as follows:  
within 15 cm of IN.

B – coloured or wrapped rails or markers on the ground.

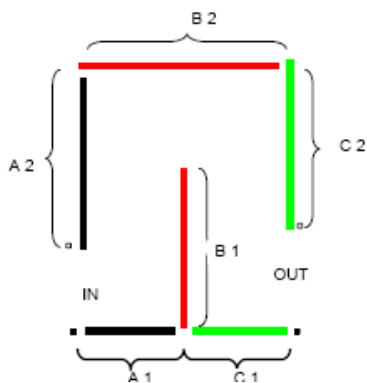
C – outside but within 15 cm of C.

Horse: (minimum measurements)

	IN	AI	A2	B	B1	B2	C1	C2	OUT
Singles	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	4
Pairs	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	4
Four-in- Hand	4	5	9	5	8	10	5	8	5

Pony: (minimum measurements)

	IN	AI	A2	B	B1	B2	C1	C2	OUT
Singles	2	3	7	3	6	6	3	6	3
Pairs	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	4
Four-in- Hand	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	4



## 6. Double Box

## Construction:

Supports – 40 cm to 60 cm from ground to top of rail

Elements – must be free standing; parallel or perpendicular

Single or sectioned rails; separated by 20 cm-40 cm

Spacing Markers – indicating each section as follows:  
within 15 cm of IN.

B, C – coloured or wrapped rails or markers on the ground.

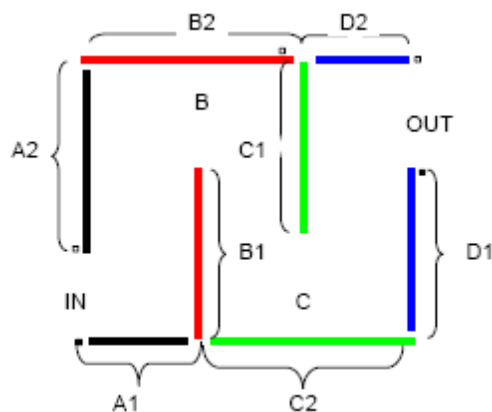
D – within 15 cm of OUT.

Horse: (minimum measurements)

	IN	A1	A2	B	B1	B2	C	C1	C2	D1	D2	OUT
Singles	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	8	7	4	4
Pairs	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	8	7	4	4
Four-in-Hand	4	5	9	5	8	10	5	8	10	8	5	5

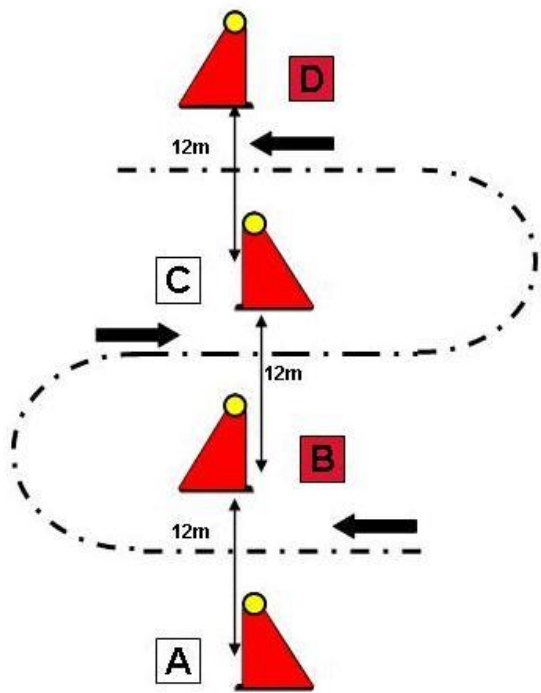
Pony: (minimum measurements)

	IN	A1	A2	B	B1	B2	C	C1	C2	D1	D2	OUT
Singles	2	3	8	3	7	6	3	7	6	7	3	3
Pairs	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	8	7	4	4
Four-in-Hand	3	4	8	4	7	8	4	7	8	7	4	4



ANNEX 5 Cones Obstacles: Open Multiple Obstacles

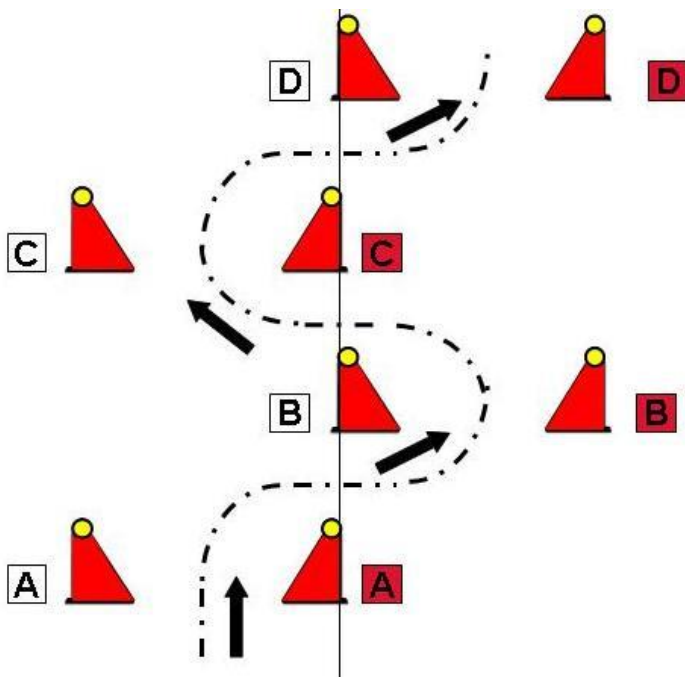
1. SERPENTINE



Minimum distance between Cones <u>Centre-centre</u> to <u>Centrecentre</u>		
Horses		
Ponies		
Four-in-Hand	10-12_m	8-10_m
Pair	6-8_m	6-8_m
Single	6-8m	6-8m

Cones to be set in a straight line with marker on opposite sides.

## 2. ZIG-ZAG:



Minimum distance between Cones Centre-centre to Centre-centre

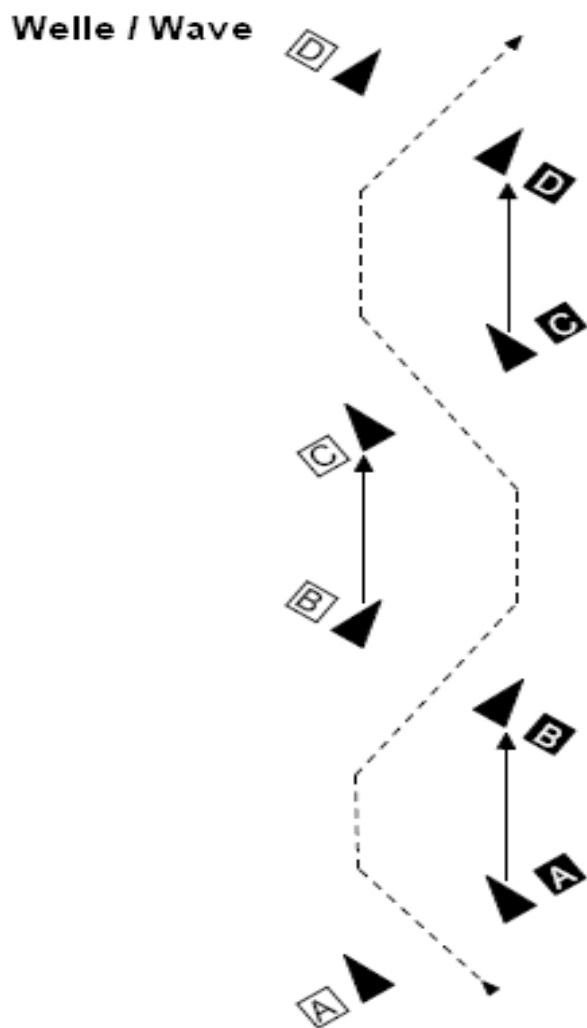
Horses/Ponies

Four-in-Hand	<u>11-13_m</u>	<u>9-11_m</u>
Pair	<u>10-12_m</u>	<u>9-11_m</u>
Single	<u>10-12_m</u>	<u>9-11_m</u>

Centre line cones to be set in a straight line, either in front, at the middle or at the rear of the cone (as shown above) with markers placed within 15 cm.

The centre line cone shall not be adjusted, the outside cone shall Be-be set to the required track width.

## 3. THE WAVE:



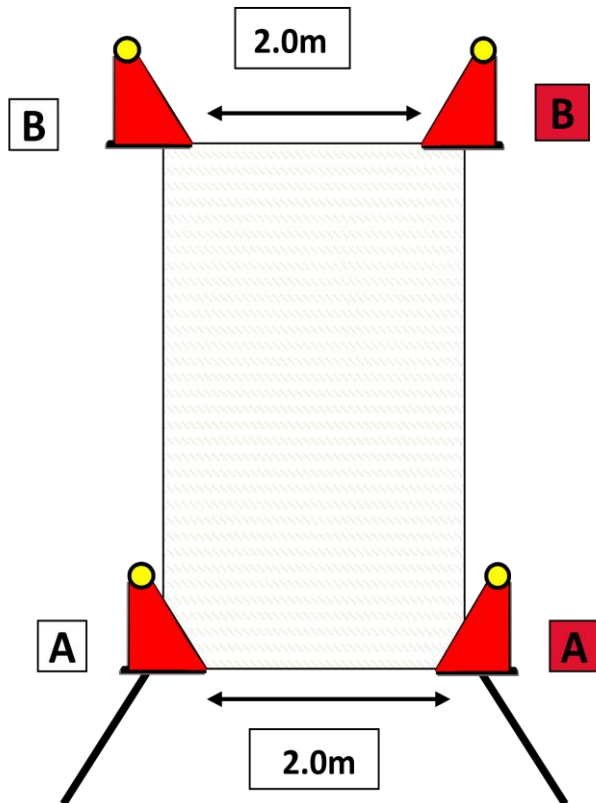
	Four-In-Hand	Pairs	Singles
Min. distance between cones	Min 10 max 12 m	Min 8 Max 10 m	Min 8 Max 10 m
Angle of pair of cones to the middle wave line	ca. 45 °	ca. 45 °	ca. 45 °

**ANNEX 6 Cones Obstacles : The Bridge**

Dimensions:

10m x 3 m; maximum 20 cm high with fan shaped wings

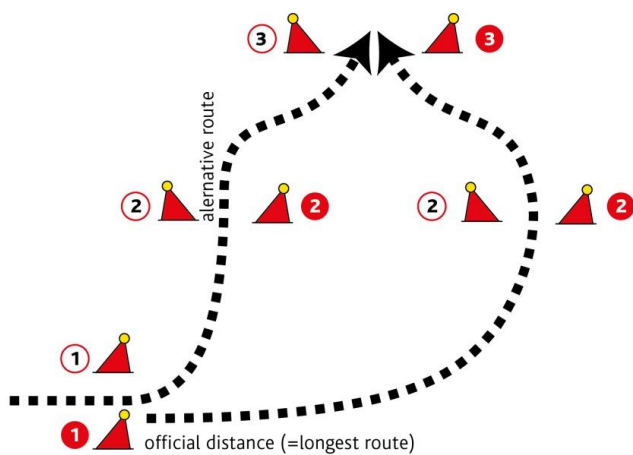
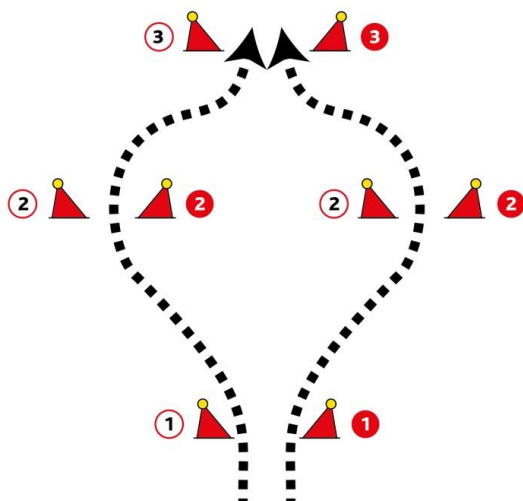
Cones required at both ends adjacent to bridge, with red and white letters A at entrance and letters B at exit, set at a constant clearance of 2.0 ~~meters~~metres for all classes.





**ANNEX 7 Cones Obstacles : Alternative/Option Cones**

alternative cones



## ANNEX 8 Addendum For Para-Equestrian Driving

### Principle Athlete Classification

- Classification minimises the impact of impairment on the outcome of the competition by ensuring that an Athlete's impairment is relevant to their performance when driving. Athletes undergo evaluation for the purpose of Classification to measure their activity limitation resulting from their impairment. The FEI Classification Manual outlines in full the Rules for Classification.
- It is a condition of participation that the Athlete has a permanent, verifiable and measurable physical impairment which is supported by medical evidence and that satisfies the minimal impairment criteria as detailed in the FEI PE Classification Manual.
- All Athletes must undergo Athlete evaluation by two FEI Classifiers before they may take part in a Competition. A PE Classifier is a Physiotherapist or Medical Practitioner who has met all the requirements to be an accredited FEI PE Classifier.
- An Athlete will be allocated a Grade for competition based on their functional Profile as described in the FEI PE Classification Manual. This functional Profile may need to be reassessed or reviewed on more than one occasion. All Athletes must fulfil the criteria for minimal disability.
- As a result of the Classification process, Athletes are divided into one of two (2) Grades: Grade I, Grade II. A Grade is a category by which Athletes are categorised by reference to an activity limitation resulting from impairment. A Grade is allocated following classification.
- A Grade status is allocated to each Athlete to indicate evaluation requirements. A Grade status is allocated to each Athlete as either:
  - a) NEW (N): This designation indicates an Athlete who has not undergone all aspects of the classification process in order to obtain a Grade for international competition.
  - b) REVIEW (R): This designation indicates an Athlete who has undergone classification and has obtained a Grade for international competition, but may require further evaluation according to the Classification Rules of the FEI.
  - c) CONFIRMED (C): This designation indicates an Athlete who has undergone classification and has obtained a Grade for International Competition, and does not require further evaluation according to the Classification Rules of the FEI.
- Classification for International Competitions must be carried out by two (2) internationally accredited PE Classifiers. The Classification should be carried out together by the Classifiers except where this is not practicable. One (1) classifier must be from a different NF to the Athlete.
- Classifiers may withhold definitive classification for some Athletes until the Athlete has been observed in practice and/or during Competition. This is at the discretion of the Classifier(s), and is not an assessment of the Athlete's skill.
- The FEI will approve the Classifiers for all International Competitions. A list of Classifiers qualified to officiate at all levels of Events will be maintained by the FEI.
- All relevant details regarding an Athlete's classification and compensating aids required by the Athlete will be included on the FEI Classification Master List and published on the FEI website.
- Protests and Appeals in relation to an Athlete's classification are to be dealt with in accordance with FEI procedures as outlined in the FEI Classification Manual.

~~Competitions may be open to all people with disabilities that are eligible by FEI rules, or restricted to specifically invited nations or group of individuals (refer to FEI Classification Manual).~~

~~The Classification is the process in which an Athlete is evaluated and assigned a Functional Profile and Grade. The Assessment is conducted by a Classifier, who is a Medical doctor and/or physiotherapist with knowledge of the Profile System who are accredited by FEI to grade PE Athletes for competition. Competition and who is accredited.~~

~~Each PE Athlete is issued an FEI Card which lists their Functional Profile, Grade, sanctioned special equipment and compensating aids (special allowances).~~

- Once entries have closed, the OC shall send a list of all entered Athletes, their NF, listed Profile number and Grade entered to the Chief FEI PE Classifier
- The Chief Classifier for the Competition will access the most up to date version of the International Classification Master List from the FEI in order to confirm Athlete details and Grade status. The Chief Classifier will produce a list for the OC of all Athletes requiring evaluation for the purpose of classification and liaise with the OC regarding scheduling.
- The Chief Classifier will prepare a list of the compensating aids allowed for each Athlete and circulate to the OC, who will forward to the Technical Delegate, Chief Steward and Judges.
- Where required, the Classifiers must be invited to arrive 24 hours before the draw takes place. All new Athletes with New or Review Grade status or those with Confirmed status who have been granted approval for reclassification, those requesting classification, and those recalled for classification must undergo evaluation before the draw takes place.
- The OC is responsible for scheduling all competing Athlete evaluations prior to the start of Competition. At least forty five (45) minutes should be designated for each evaluation. Adequate meal times and breaks for the Classifiers should be scheduled. The Classifiers must be available to observe all Athletes during their first appearance in competition.
- Athletes shall be sent the date and time of their scheduled evaluation for the purpose of classification prior to the Event or immediately upon their arrival at the Competition.
- A clean, private and accessible examination room shall be made available for all Classification appointments. The room shall be equipped with a height adjustable examination bed with a pillow, four (4) or five (5) chairs, a table and stool, drinking water and a towel. The area shall be large enough to accommodate the classifiers, the Athlete (who may be in a wheelchair) and the Athlete's representative.

For classification procedure see FEI Para Equestrian Generic Rules.

## **Grades**

Athletes are divided into 2 Grades: Grade I and Grade II.

Grade II Athletes have greater functional ability than Grade I PE Athletes.

~~**FEI Card** The FEI will issue the Athlete with an FEI Card on which his/her permitted compensating aids are listed.~~

~~All Athletes shall hold an FEI card (also known as an ID Card) which lists their Profile number, Grade, Nation, International Number and the compensating aids and equipment which may be used.~~

~~The FEI Card must be carried by the Athlete at all FEI competitions. Competitions in which they are entered.~~

~~Any protests to a Athlete's classification are to be dealt with in accordance with FEI procedures. Refer to the FEI Classification Manual.~~

~~The Athlete's own NF may also give permission to the Athlete to use this card and the compensating aids listed on it to compete in national competitions.~~

~~All exceptions to dress, special equipment, compensating aids and other assistance required by the Athlete shall be clearly listed on the Athlete's FEI Card.~~

~~Use of any equipment, or exemption, that has not been sanctioned by FEI must be supported by medical documentation and approved by the Chief Classifier. Such exceptions shall be clearly listed on the Athlete Profile form and Entry form at the time of entry.~~

**Classes** A PE Athlete may enter a higher Grade than his classification indicates.  
A PE Athlete may not enter a lower Grade than his classification indicates.  
Grade I Athletes and Grade II Athletes shall be in separate classes.

**Eligibility** Only those ~~disabled~~ Athletes with impairments who are capable of driving Driven Dressage Tests, Cones and Marathons independently and to the FEI rules are allowed to compete.

The Profile and Grade shall be noted on the entry form, programme and score board.

The OCevent Organiser and Technical Delegate have the right to refuse entry but they must give the reason for the refusal in writing.

## Drugs and Medicines

All drugs and medicines used by Athletes must be declared on the entry form, unless registered with FEI through the Medication Advisory Panel (M.A.P.). Teams may register the drugs and medications taken by their Athletes with FEI Headquarters in accordance with the procedures outlined in the current FEI Medical and Anti- Doping Code (WADA). 5.9.4 Horses/ponies may be dope tested.

## Entries World Driving Singles Championship for Para-Equestrian

Each NF may enter a maximum of six Single PE Athletes with a maximum of two Horses per entry on the Nominated Entry List and three Single PE Athletes with a maximum of one Horse per PE Athlete on the Definite Entry List.

Each team must include at least one (1) Athlete from Grade I.

Should a NF only be able to send two PE Athletes, they must be entered as a team.

Each NF is entitled to send a Chef d'Equipe and Veterinarian, both of whom will be accorded the same privileges as the PE Athletes.

A NF which cannot send a team may enter one PE Athlete as an Individual under the conditions set out in Article 912.

A-One spare Horse from the Nominated List may be entered per national team. The PE Athlete who uses the spare Horse will be eligible for the individual classification, as well as for the team classification. The spare Horse can only be substituted once, not later than one hour before the start of Driven Dressage and notified in writing to the Organiser.

## Additional requirement for OCs:

Scoreboard and Scoreboard attendant. The Scoreboard shall be of a size and in location where it is easy to read both standing and from a wheelchair.

Transport Manager with Athletes and suitable vehicles for transporting ~~riders~~Athletes, ~~sponsors~~Sponsors and ~~officials~~Officials and for emergency vehicles.

Wheelchair accessible ramps for all facilities used by Athletes.

A convenient area and table for the IPEC Information Stand, which also sells relevant articles. The IPEC Secretary shall be consulted on this matter.

**Horses** PE Athletes may use either a ~~horse~~Horse or a pony. It must be stated on the entry form which will be used.

**Assistance** The ultimate responsibility regarding the use of permitted assistance lies with the PE Athlete.

Grade I Athletes must have an able-bodied whip on the carriage. A Groom must be available at the ring-side to assist every Grade 1 PE Athlete in Driven Dressage and Cones.

A Groom may accompany a Grade 1 PE Athlete in Marathon either in the carriage or following behind the carriage on a bicycle. In Section B of Marathon all Grade 1 PE Athletes must be accompanied by an additional Groom either in the carriage or following by a team member behind the carriage on a bicycle, moped, ATV (quad bike) or similar. Team members on bicycles or mopeds etc., are not permitted to drive through the obstacles but must wait for the PE Athlete to complete the entire obstacle before proceeding.

Team members may only act in case of emergency and this will be sanctioned as outside assistance. Grooms may act as a groom and will be sanctioned like a groom.

Able-bodied Whips are forbidden to assist in rein handling except in an emergency when help must be given in the interest of safety. Assistance by handling the reins will incur 20 penalty points each time.

Grade II Athletes may put down the able-bodied Whip if necessary but penalties will be incurred as per FEI regulations. In Driven Dressage and Cones the able-bodied Whip must sit so that he/she can help in case of need. The event Organiser or the Technical Delegate has the right to disapprove of an able-bodied Whip or his/her position on the vehicle.

PE Athletes may inspect the course in motorized quad bikes or similar if sanctioned by FEI.

### **~~Compensation~~Compensating Aids and special equipment**

Only approved special equipment that is listed on the FEI card may be used for the duration of the ~~competition~~Competition, including the training period.

If the PE Athlete wishes to drive in a wheel-chair, the wheel-chair must be secured. Straps and clamps for the wheelchair must be of a 'quick release' variety.

In the interests of safety, sloping cushions, shell seats, ~~waist~~waist-high seat sides and arm-rests are permitted. In order to have more upper body support a strap (or similar) held around the Athlete is permitted as long as this in no way attaches the Athlete to the carriage by any technical means or in the manner that it is held.

A PE Athlete may be attached for support, but must have a method for quick release.

Supporting aids may be considered for approval by the TD and the PGJ at the Veterinary Inspection that takes place before the start of the ~~competition~~ Competition.

Reins may not be attached to the PE Athlete in any manner that could prevent the PE Athlete from falling free from the carriage.

The disabled PE Athlete may drive with one or ~~2~~-two hands and with looped reins or any other aids with which he/she normally drives and which is approved by FEI.

The PE Athlete may salute with the head only so that contact is maintained on the reins at all times.

The whip may be used by either the PE Athlete or the able-bodied Whip in all ~~competitions~~ Competitions if this has been sanctioned by FEI.

The brake may be used by the groom or converted to a hand brake to be used by the PE Athlete if sanctioned by FEI. Use of the brake by the groom will be punished by 20 penalty points each time.

### **Cones**

The time allowed will be calculated for a speed of 230 m/min for both ~~horses~~ Horses and ponies. For ~~drive~~ Drive-offs a speed of 240 m/min may be used.

## Annex 9 Definitions

**Children:** See GRs Appendix A - Definitions

**Competition:** A component of a Driving Event: Driven Dressage, Marathon, Cones and Combined Marathon-Cones.

**Dismounting:** The deliberate departure of an Athlete or Groom from the Carriage or the accidental leaving (falling off) of the Carriage by the Athlete or Grooms.

**Entry:** In Driving, the unit composed by the Athletes, Horses, Grooms, harness and carriage Carriage appropriate to a turnout as defined in these Rules.

**Event Official :** See Gen Regs and Annex 3.

**Horse:** Refers to a Horse or Pony authorized to compete under Chapter VI.

**Junior:** See GRs Appendix A - Definitions

**Organising Committee "OC":** See Gen Regs.

**Period of an Event:** See GRs Appendix A - Definitions

**Schedule:** An official form approved by the FEI outlining the relevant information of an Event, including but not limited to the dates and location of the Event, the dates by which entries must be received, the Disciplines in which Competitions will be held, the programme of Competitions, the categories, nationalities and other relevant details of invited Athletes and Horses, the stabling and accommodation available, the value of the prizes and their distribution, and any other relevant details<sup>1</sup>.

**Showgrounds:** All land used for the Competitions comprising the Event, and areas for exercising and warm-up, stabling and the parking of Carriages.

**Turnout:** A Carriage together with the Horses, harness, Athlete and Grooms.

**Young Drivers:** See GRs Appendix A - Definitions

## **Annex 10 Cone Specifications**

### **FEI approved Driving cones Indoor and Outdoor**

#### Cones

- Material : Plastic, stable enough for use and indestructible
- Height: 30 – 50cm
- The platform: ca 400 X 425 mm
- Angle: 60 °
- Ball hollow on the top of the cone : 40mm diameter
- Color: no restriction. Reduced Cones ref. Art. 974.1.2
- <sup>1</sup>Weight of the cones: min. 2,5 kg

#### Ball:

- Size: 72mm diameter
- <sup>1</sup>Weight: 200gr

#### Red and white markers

- Outdoor: strongly recommended: stable enough for use
- Markers: dimension: 330 X 330 mm
- Indoor: Sleeves

<sup>1</sup>Weights: a tolerance of +/- 5% is acceptable

